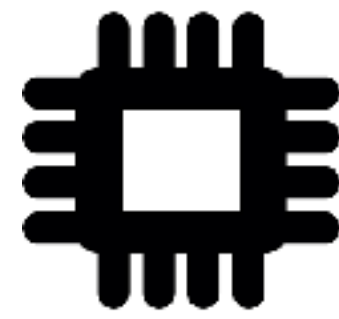


Chucky: A Succinct Cuckoo Filter for LSM-Tree

Niv Dayan, Moshe Twitto



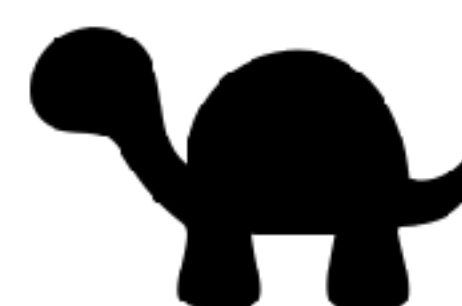
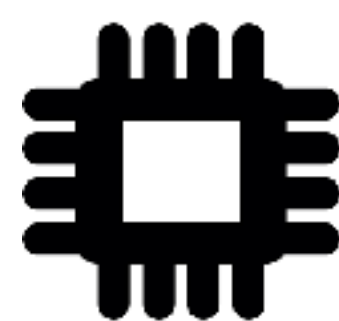
PLiOPS
EXTREME DATA PROCESSOR

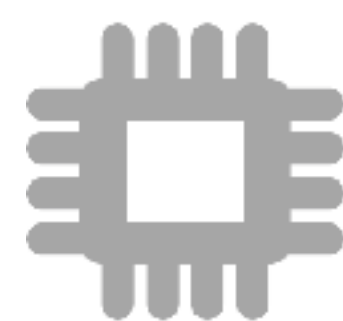


memory



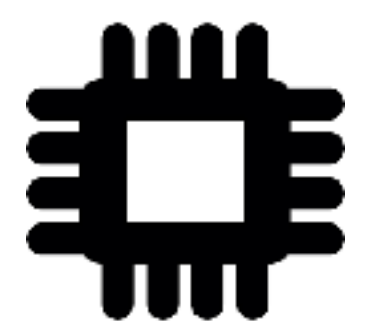
storage

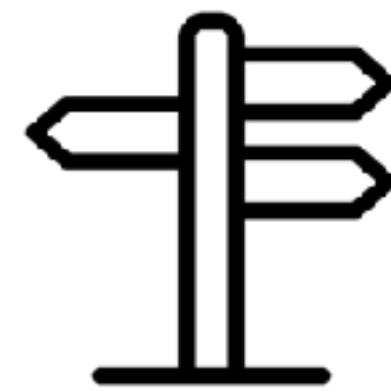
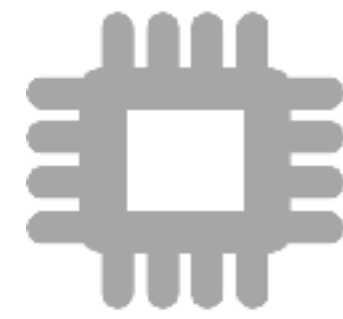




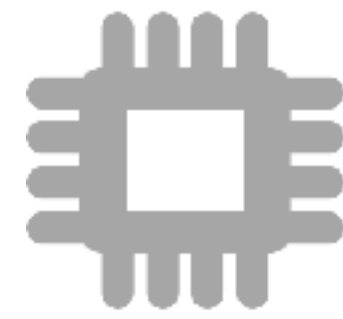
metadata

data

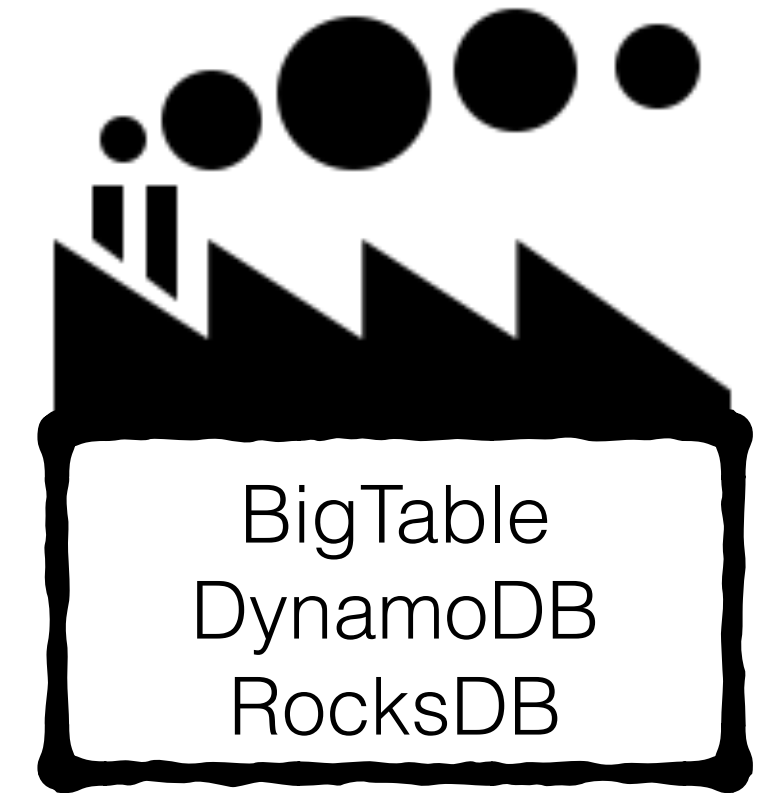


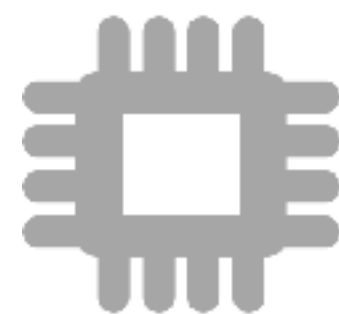


**noticeable
overhead**



LSM-tree

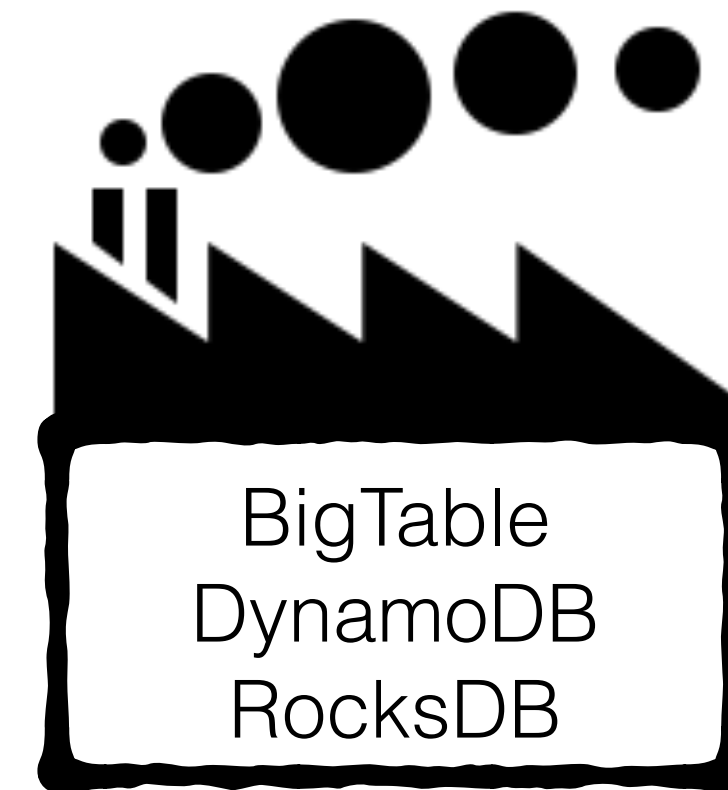




Bloom filters



LSM-tree

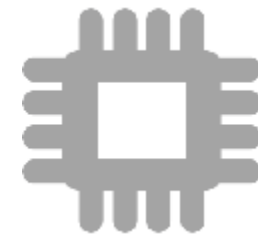


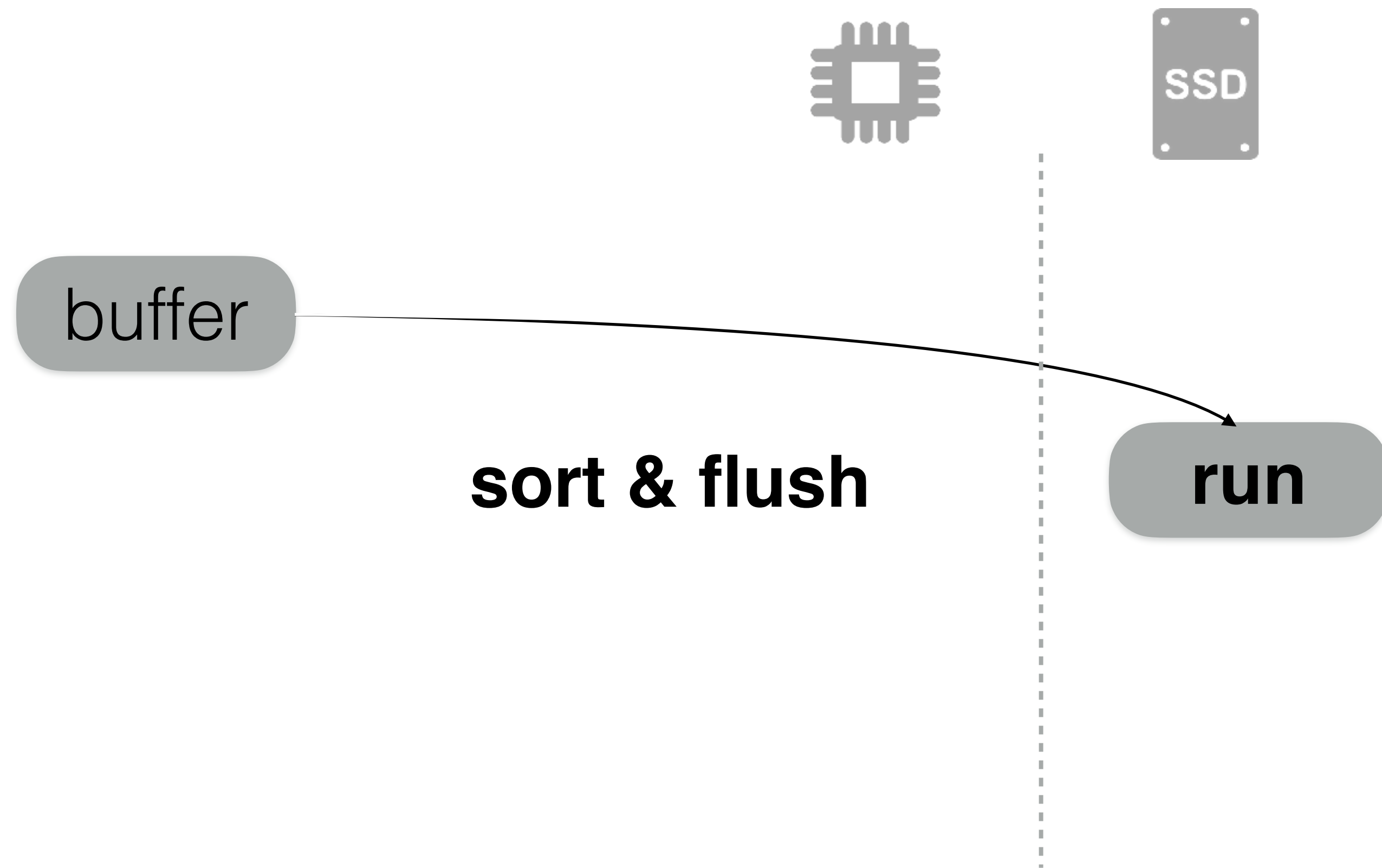
LSM-tree

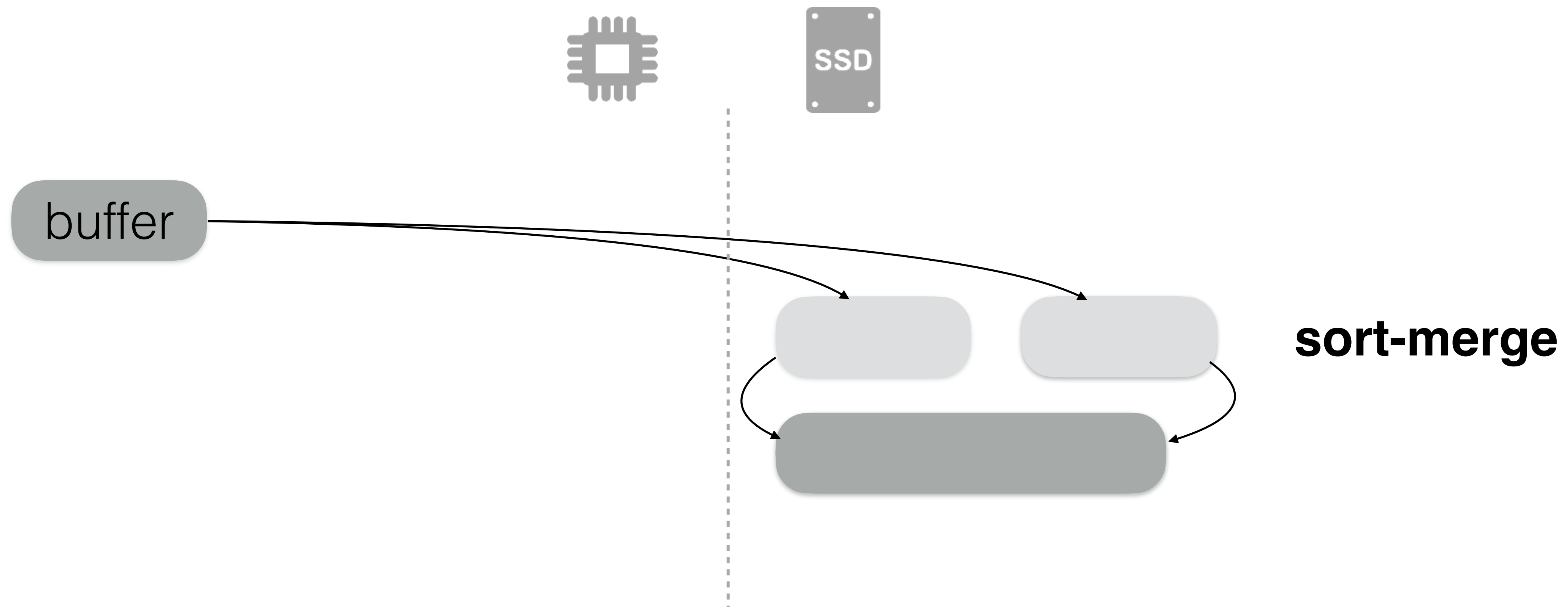
key-value pairs



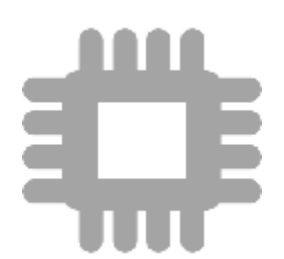
buffer







buffer



exponentially increasing capacities

level 1 →



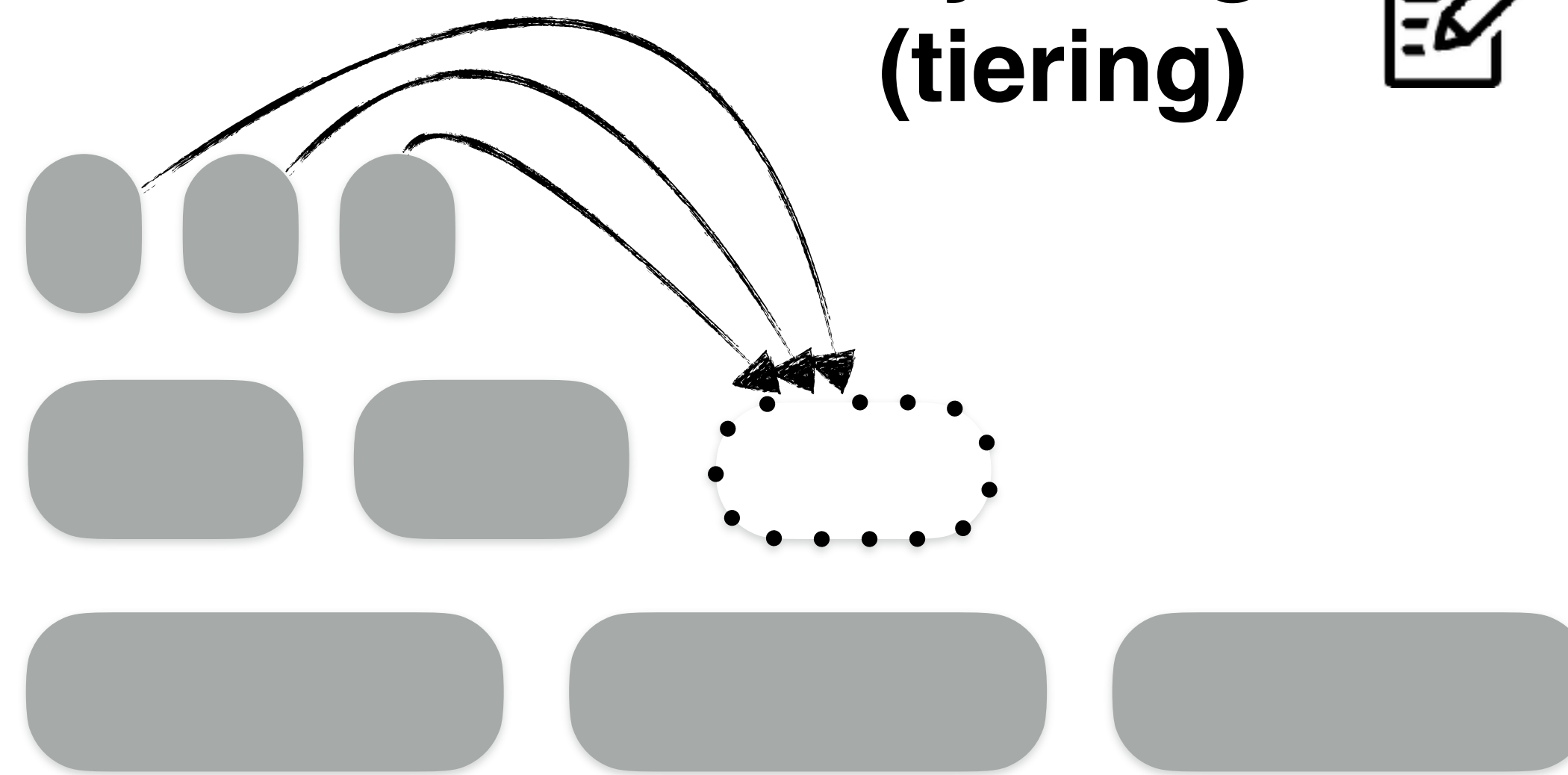
level 2 →



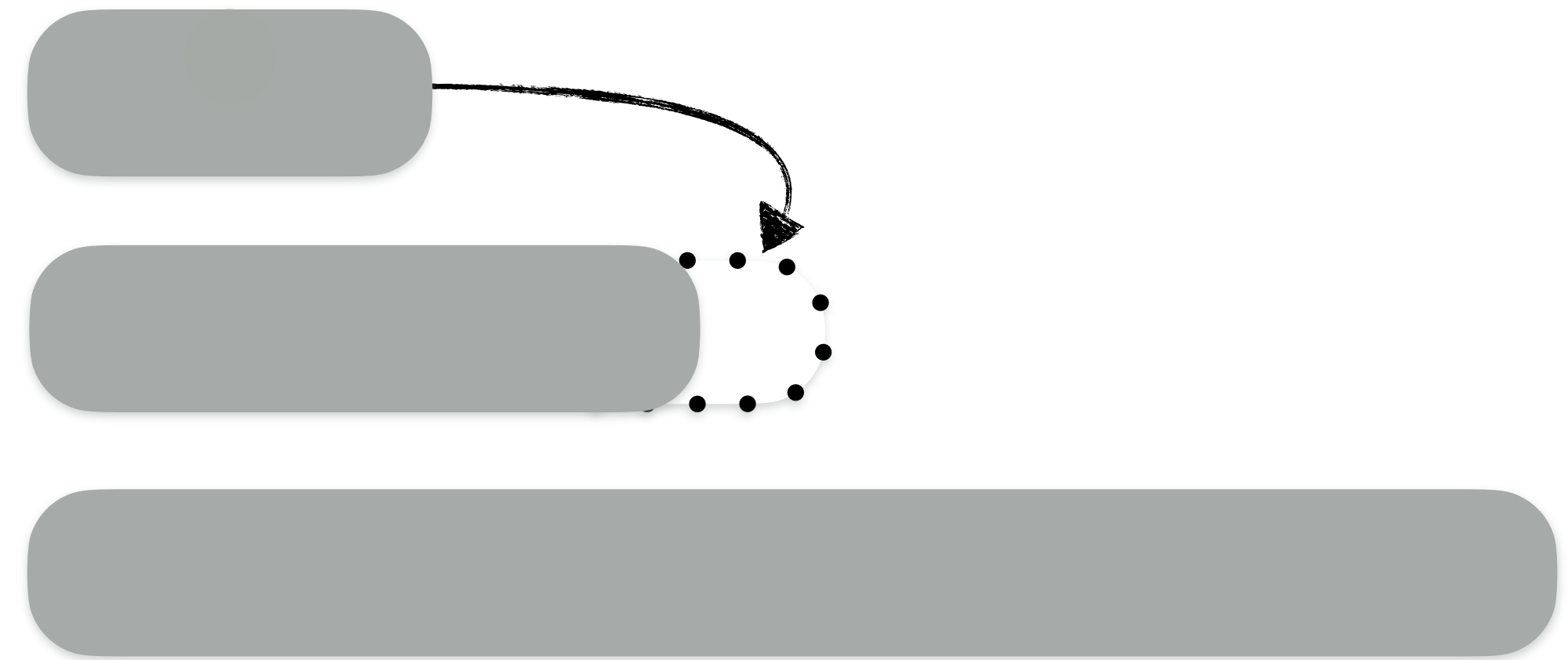
level 3 →



**lazy merge
(tiering)**

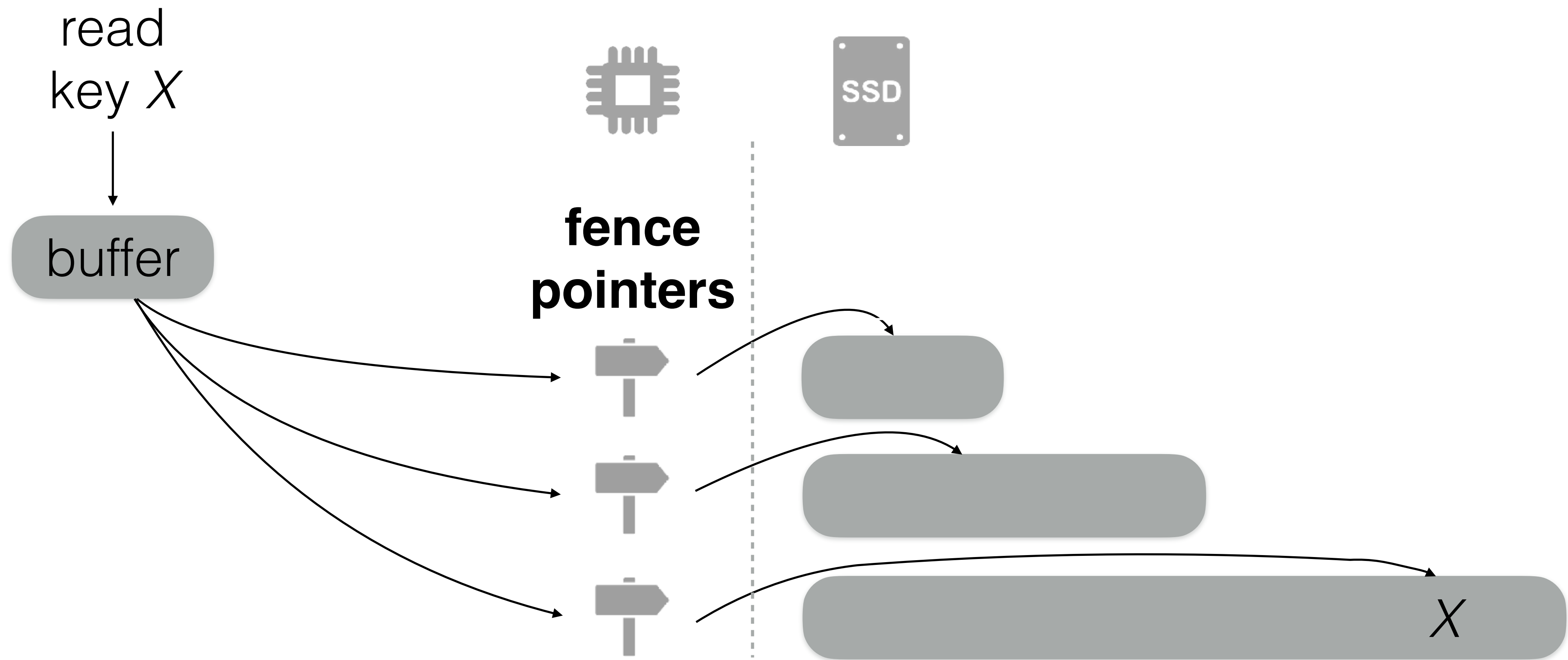


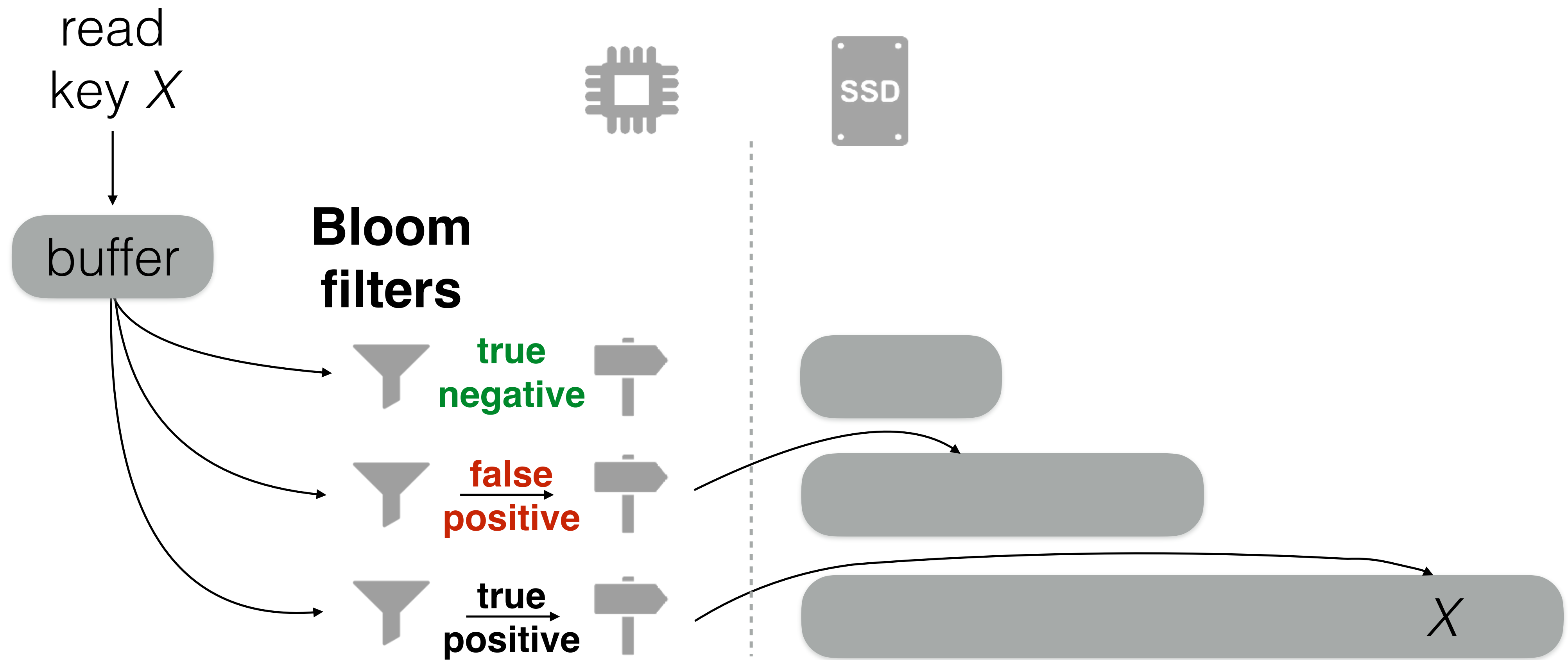
**greedy merge
(leveling)**

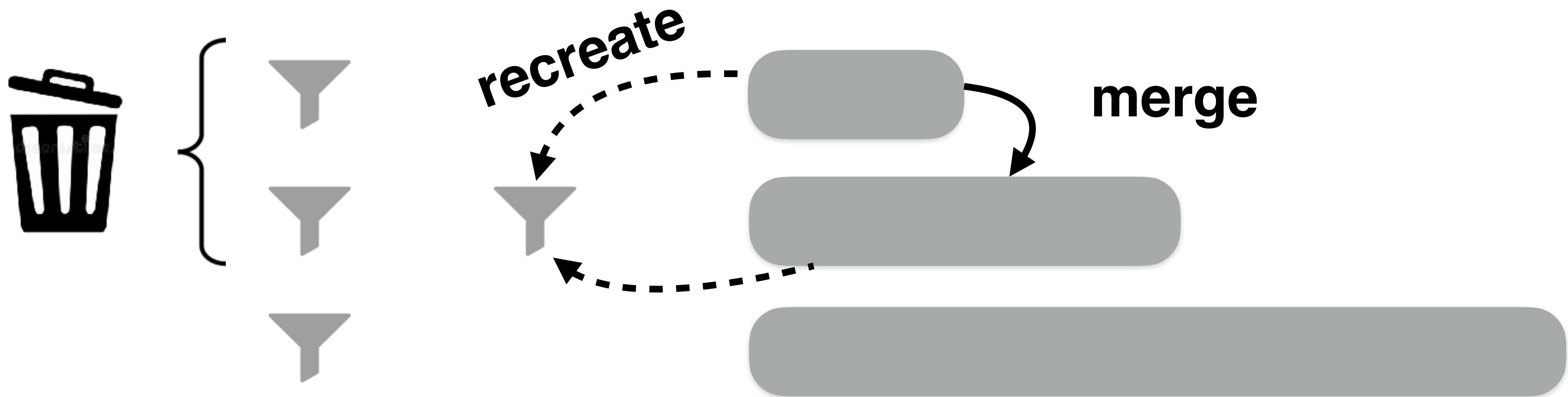


Levels $L = \log(N)$



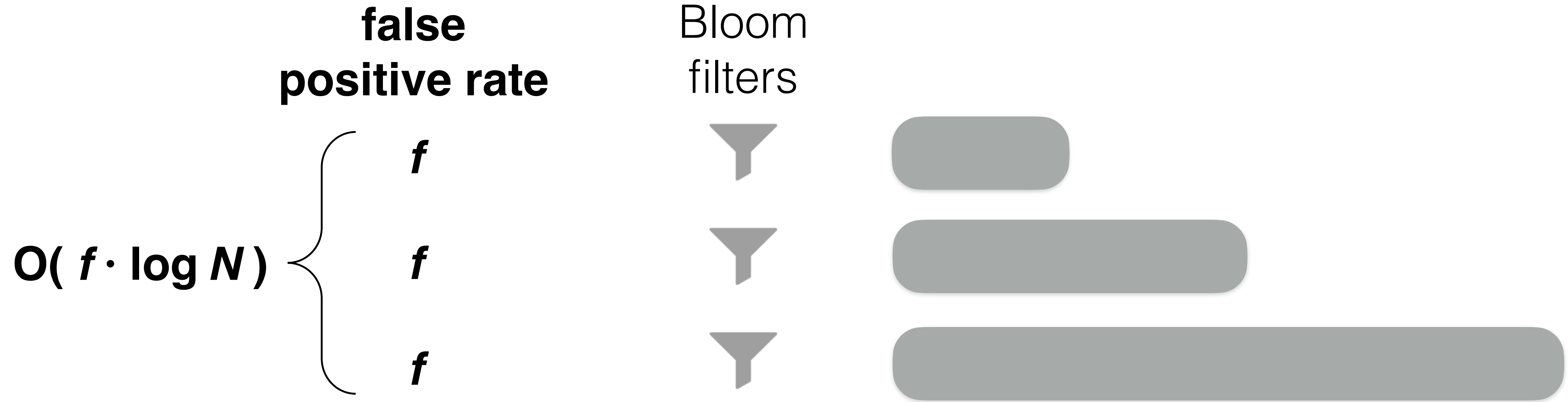






Bloom Filters' WA = LSM-tree's WA





Monkey SIGMOD17

$$O(\mathbf{f}) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f / r^2 \\ f / r^1 \\ f \end{array} \right.$$

Bloom
filters

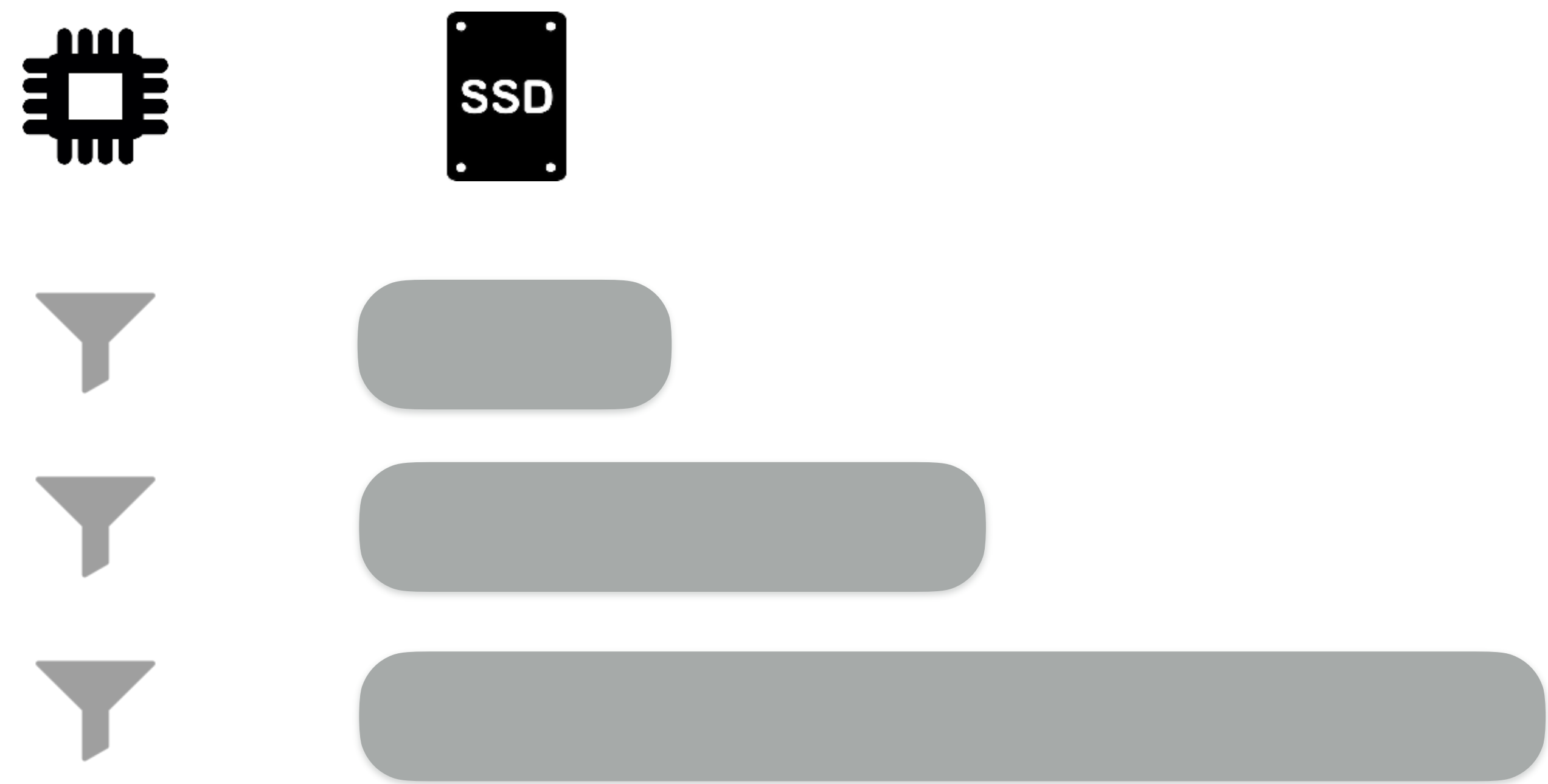


Bloom
filters



$O(e^{-M \cdot \ln(2)})$

Problem: shrinking memory/storage speed gap

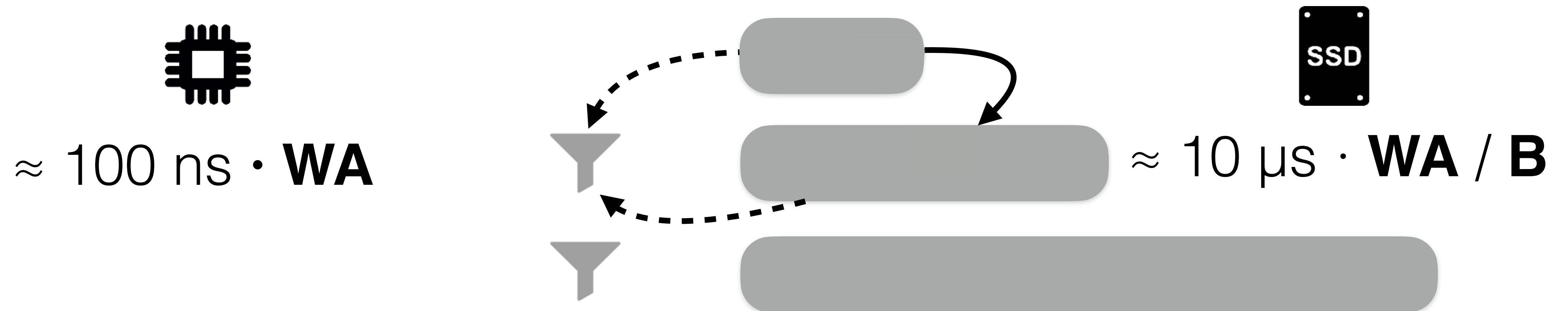


Problem: shrinking memory/storage speed gap



Problem: shrinking memory/storage speed gap

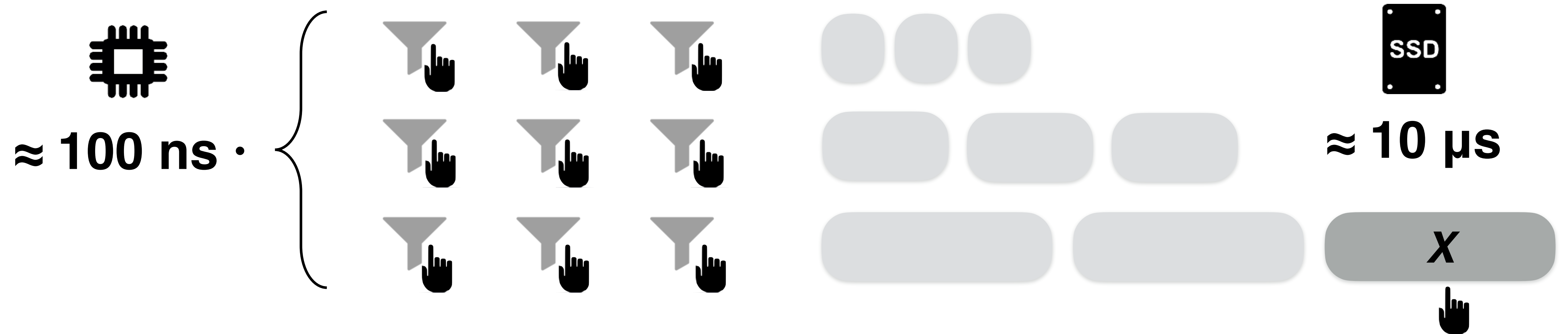
(1) write amplification



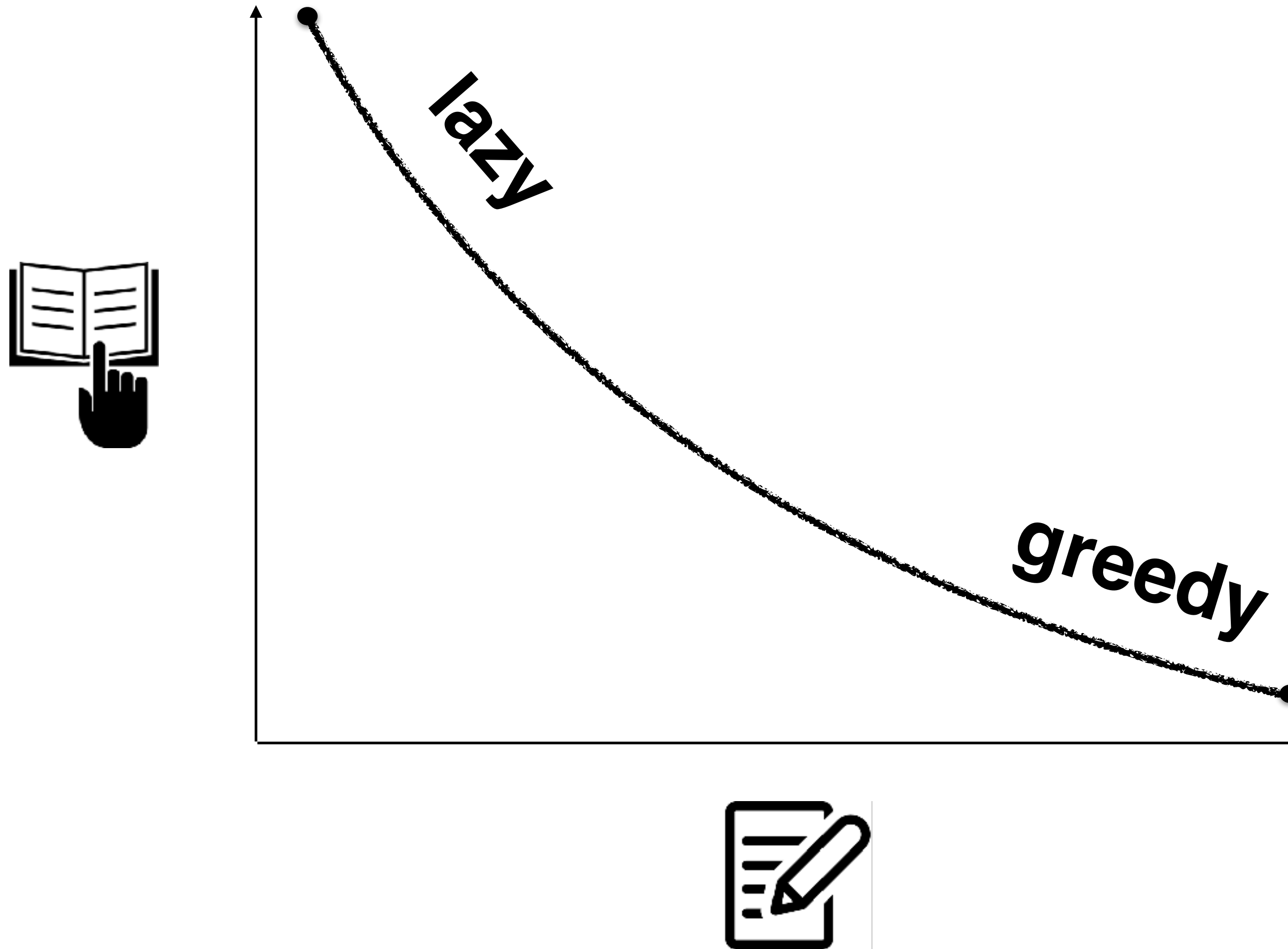
Problem: shrinking memory/storage speed gap

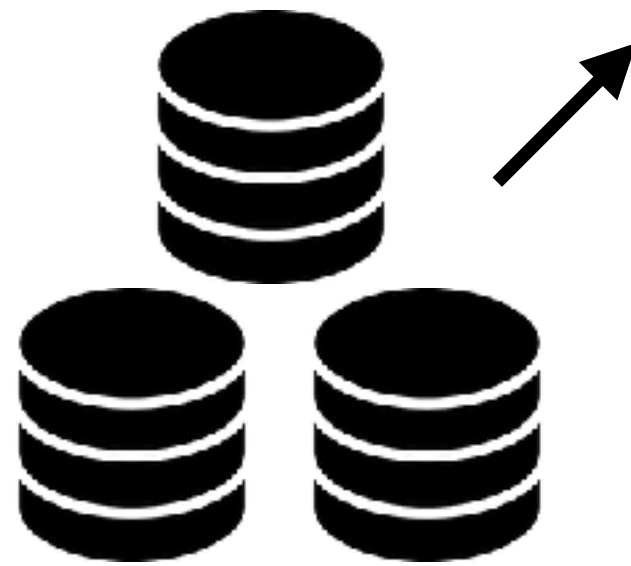
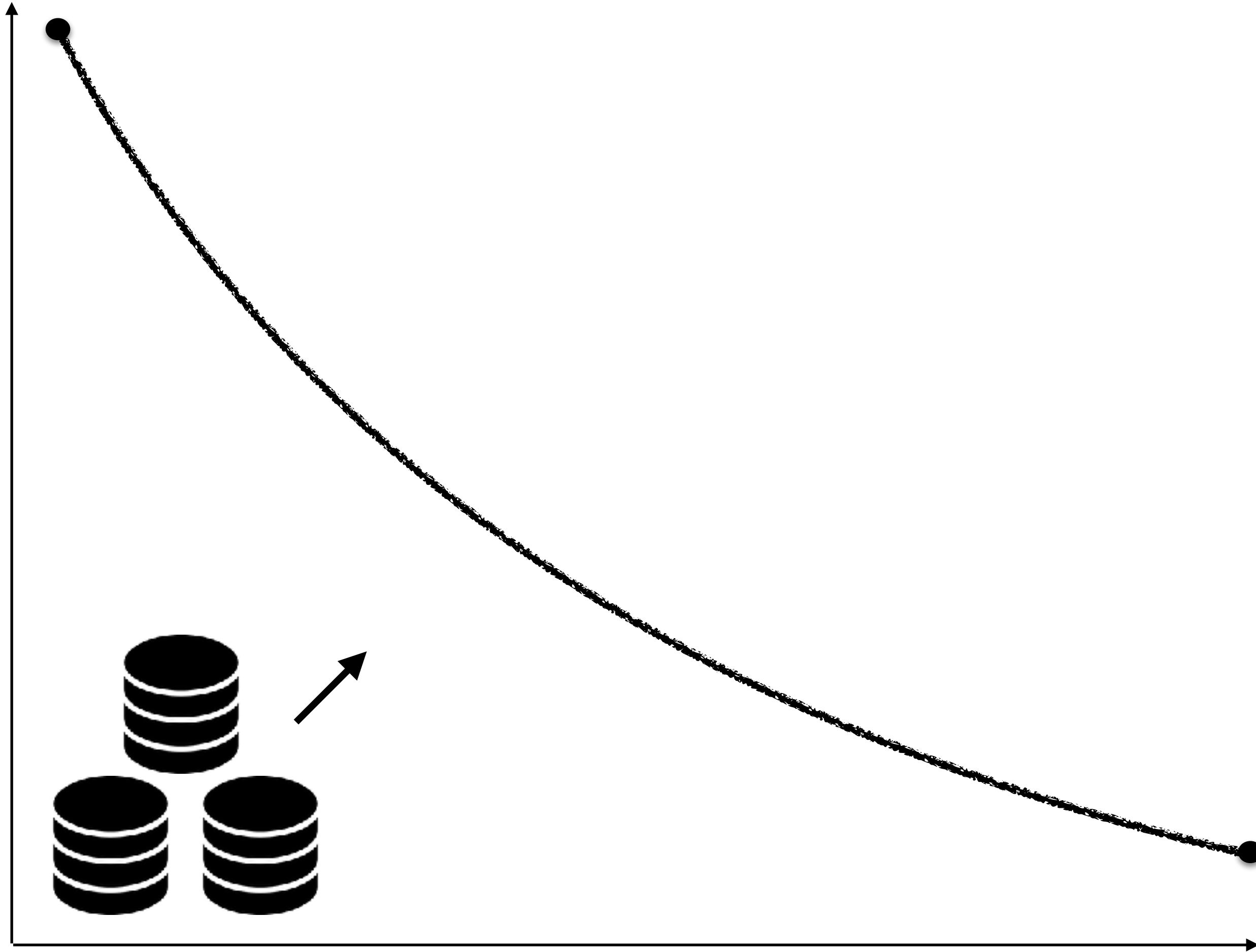
(1) write amplification

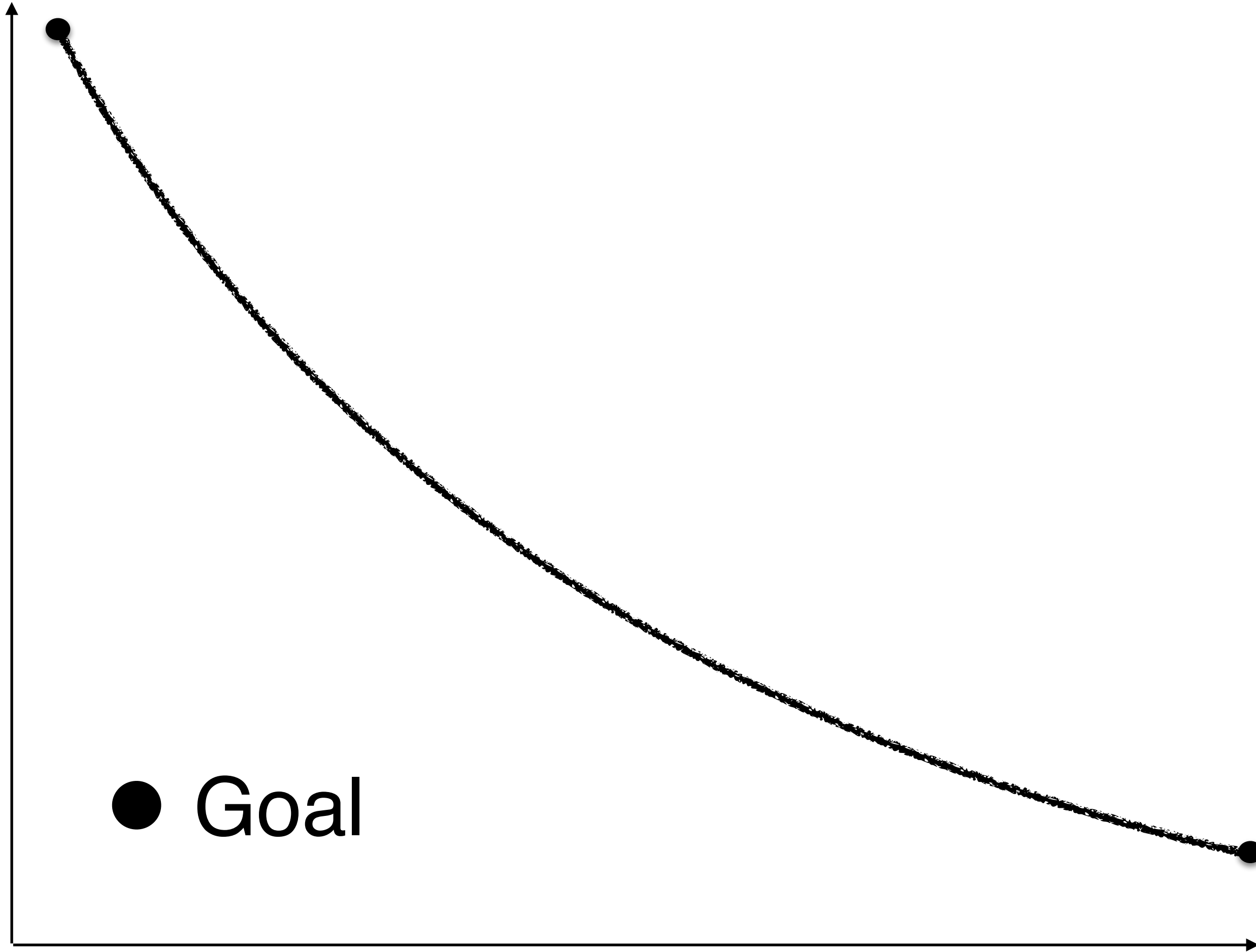
(2) read amplification

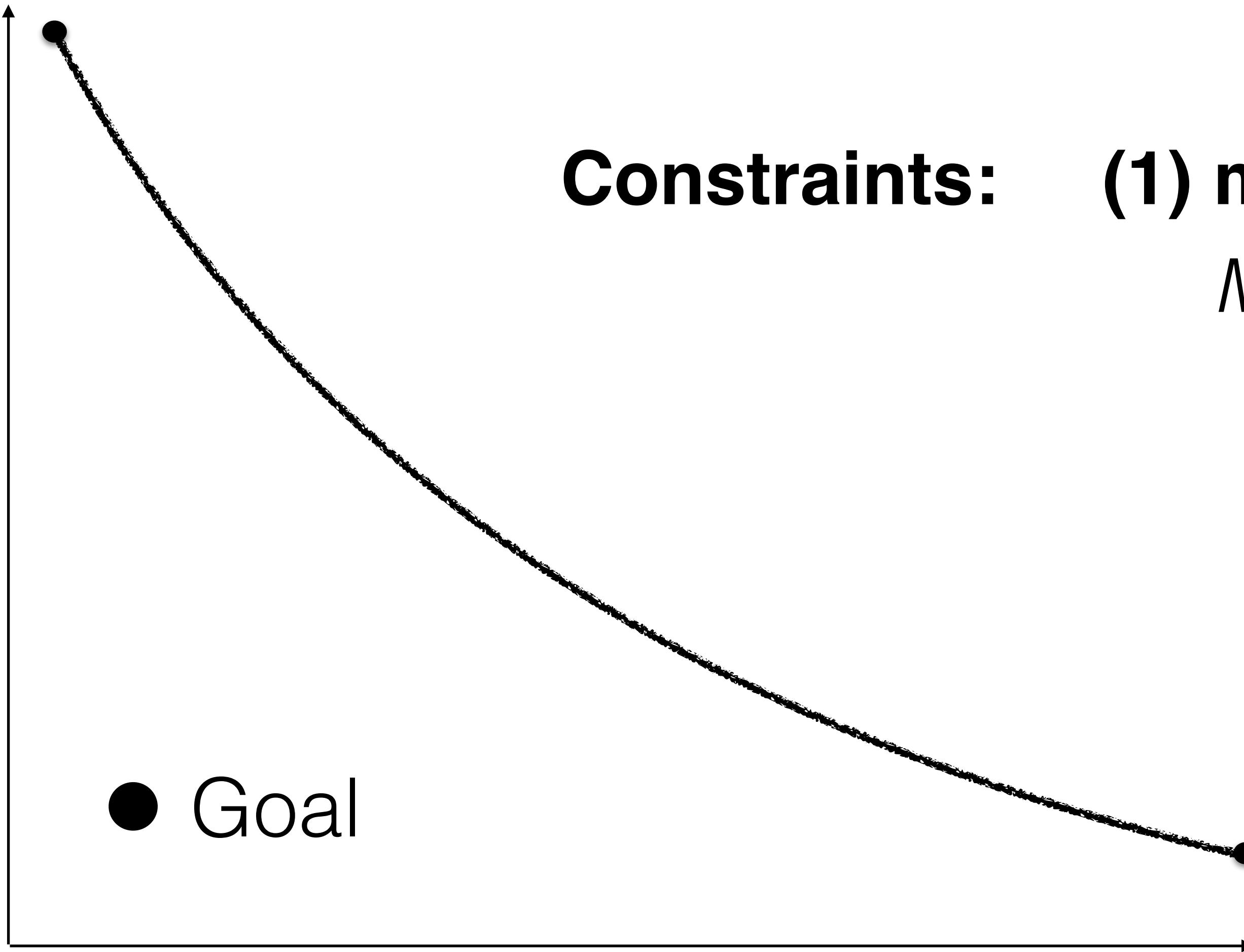


read / write contention





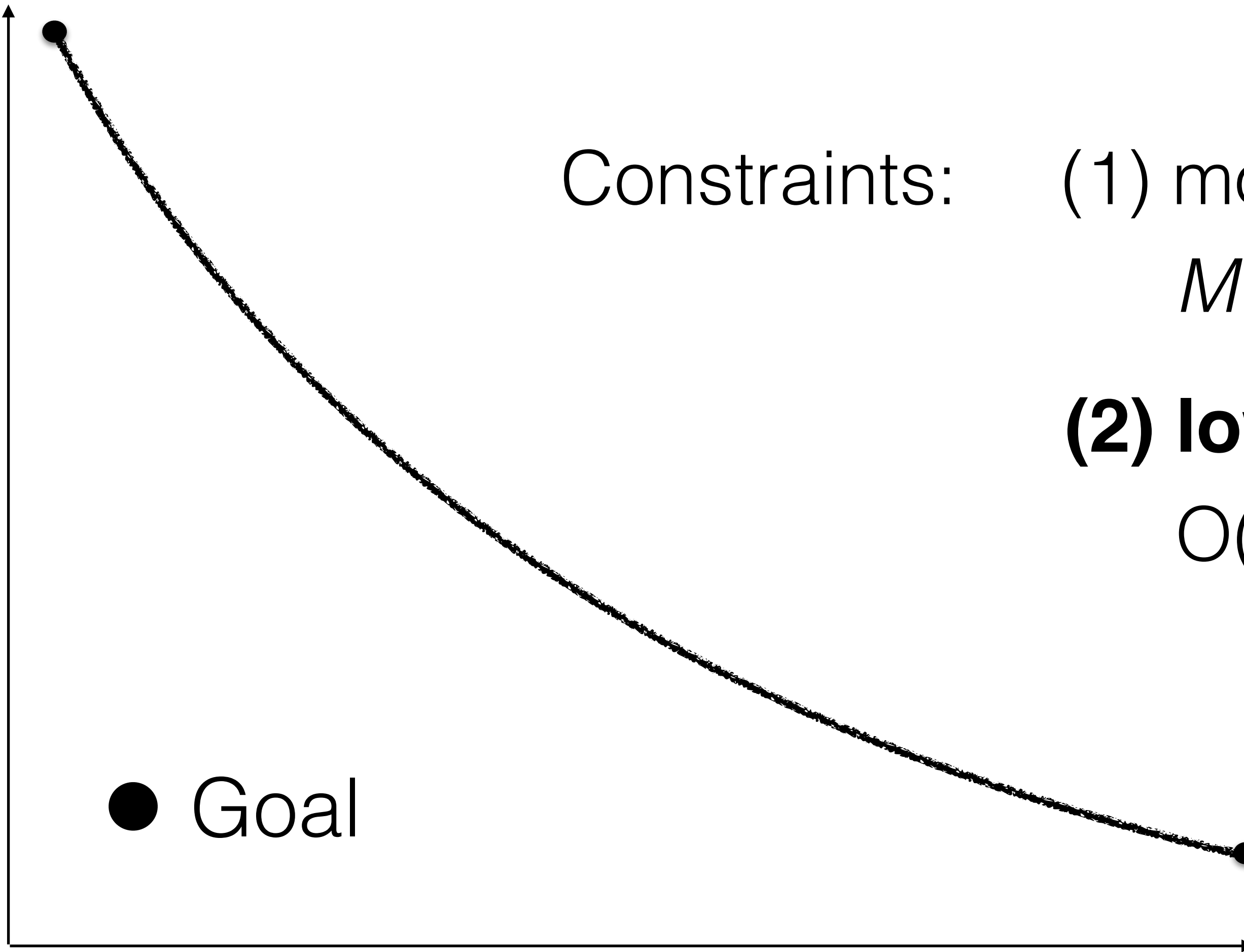




Constraints: (1) modest memory footprint

$$M \approx 10 \text{ bits / entry}$$





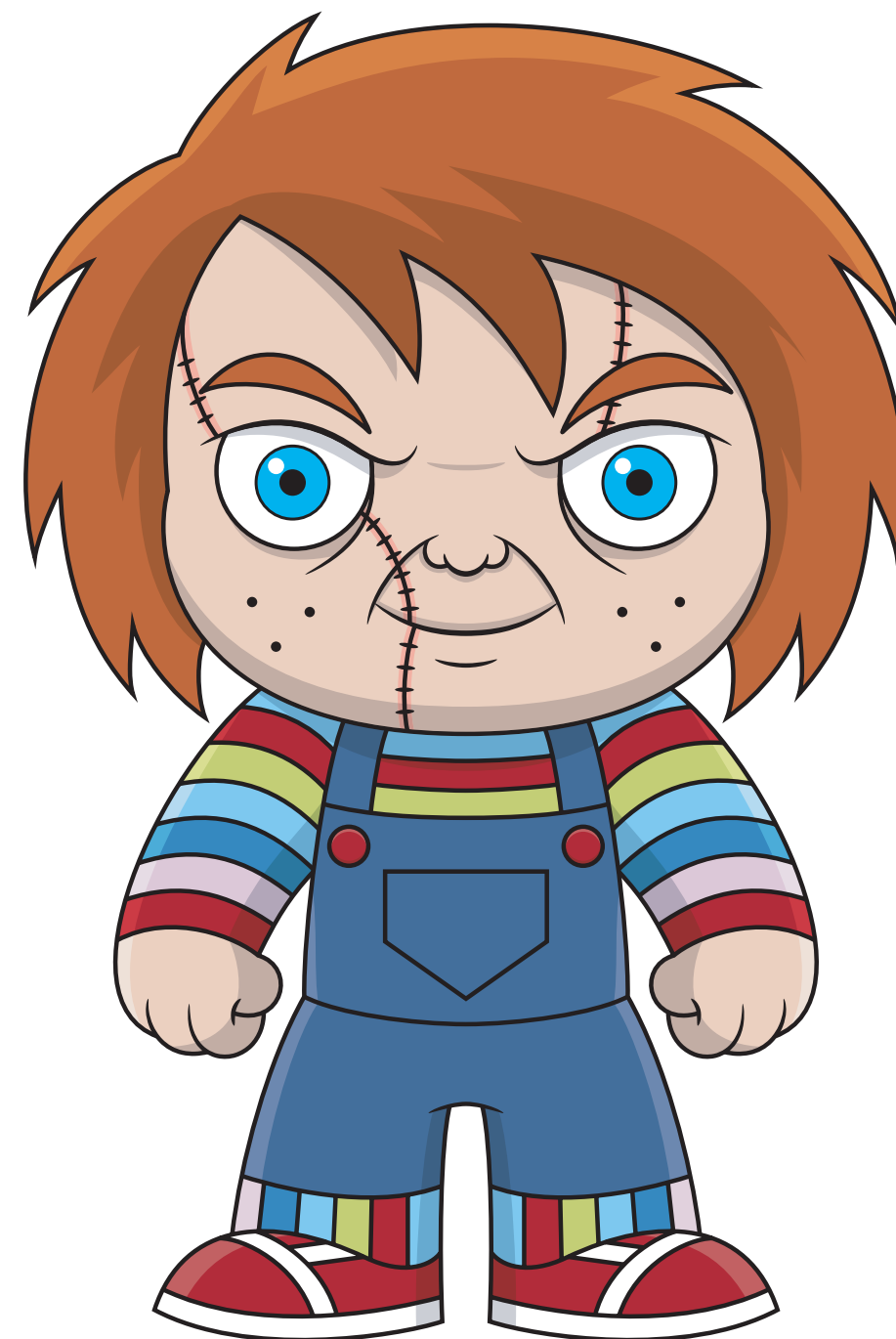
Constraints: (1) modest memory footprint
 $M \approx 10$ bits / entry

(2) low false positive rate

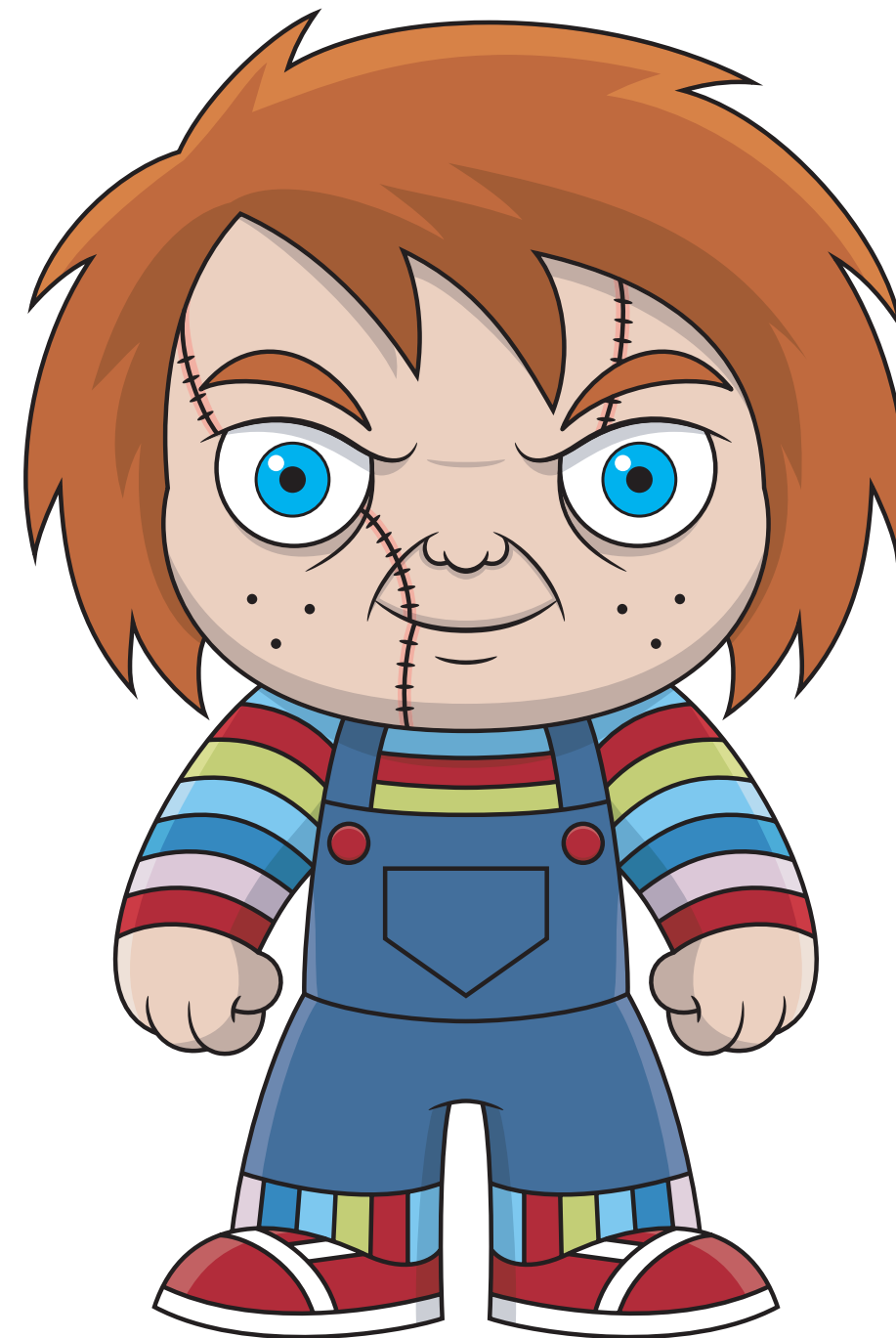
$$O(e^{-M \cdot \ln(2)})$$

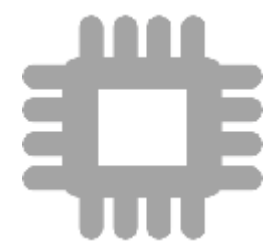


Chucky



Chucky: huffman coded key-value store





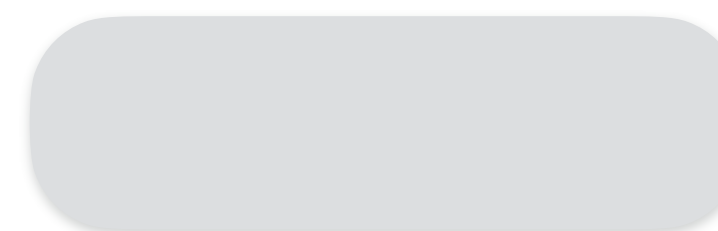
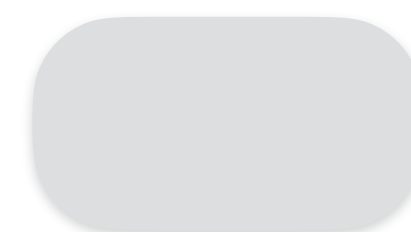
hash table

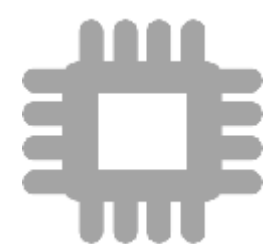


key

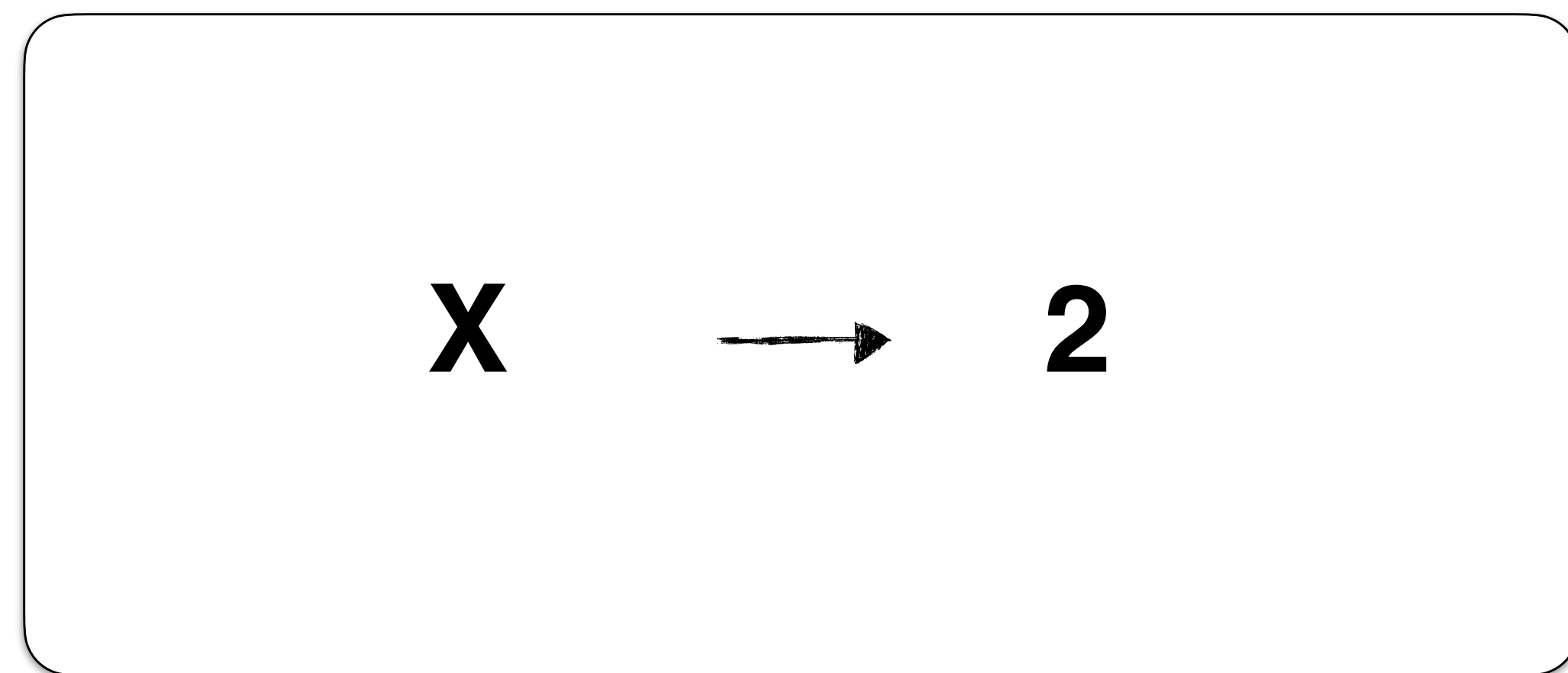


level

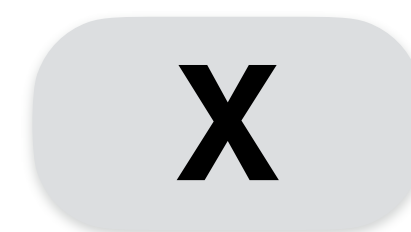




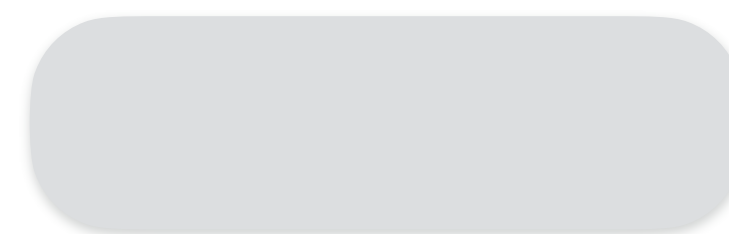
level ID



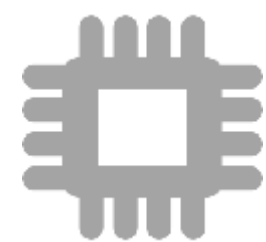
1



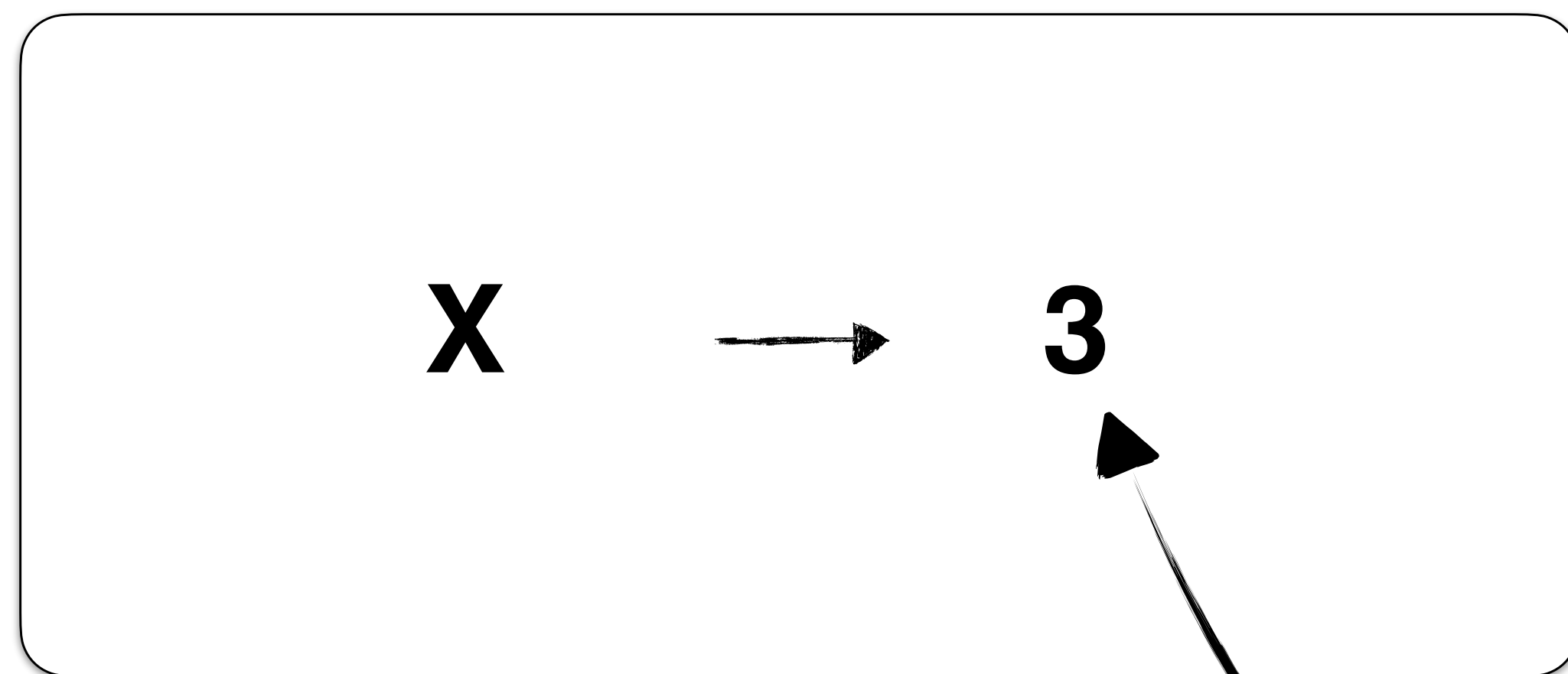
2



3



level ID

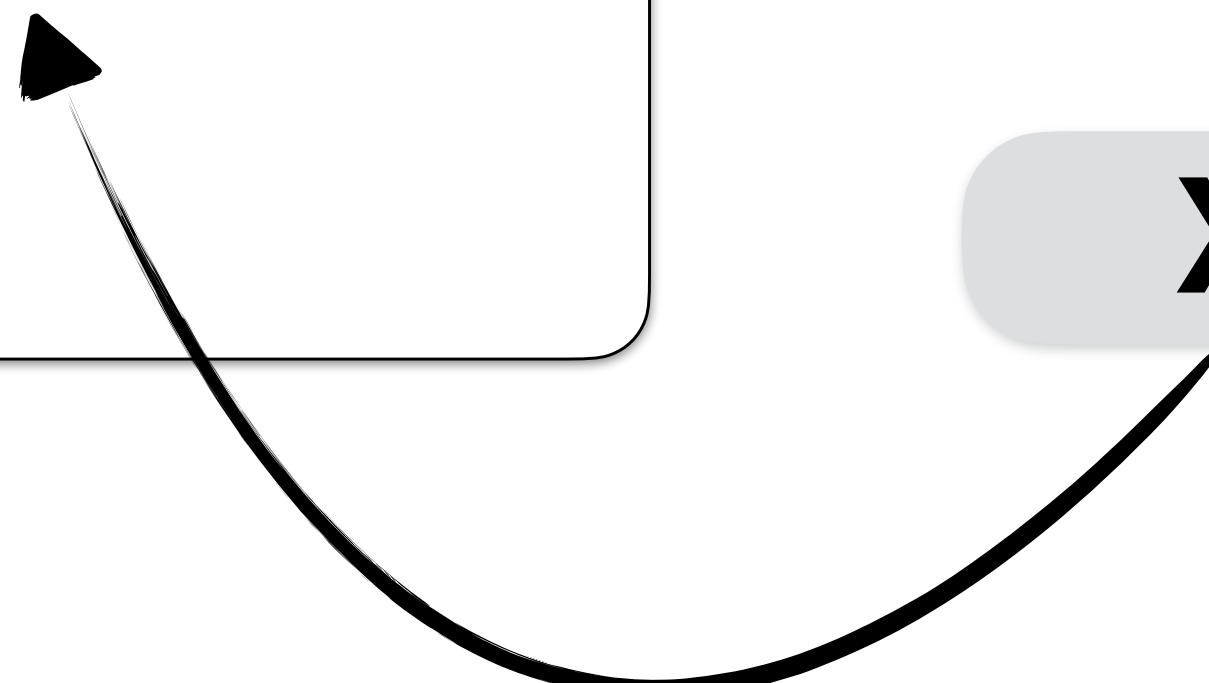


1

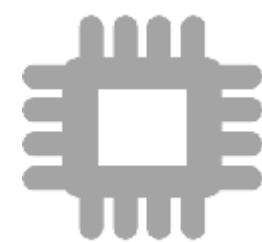
2



3

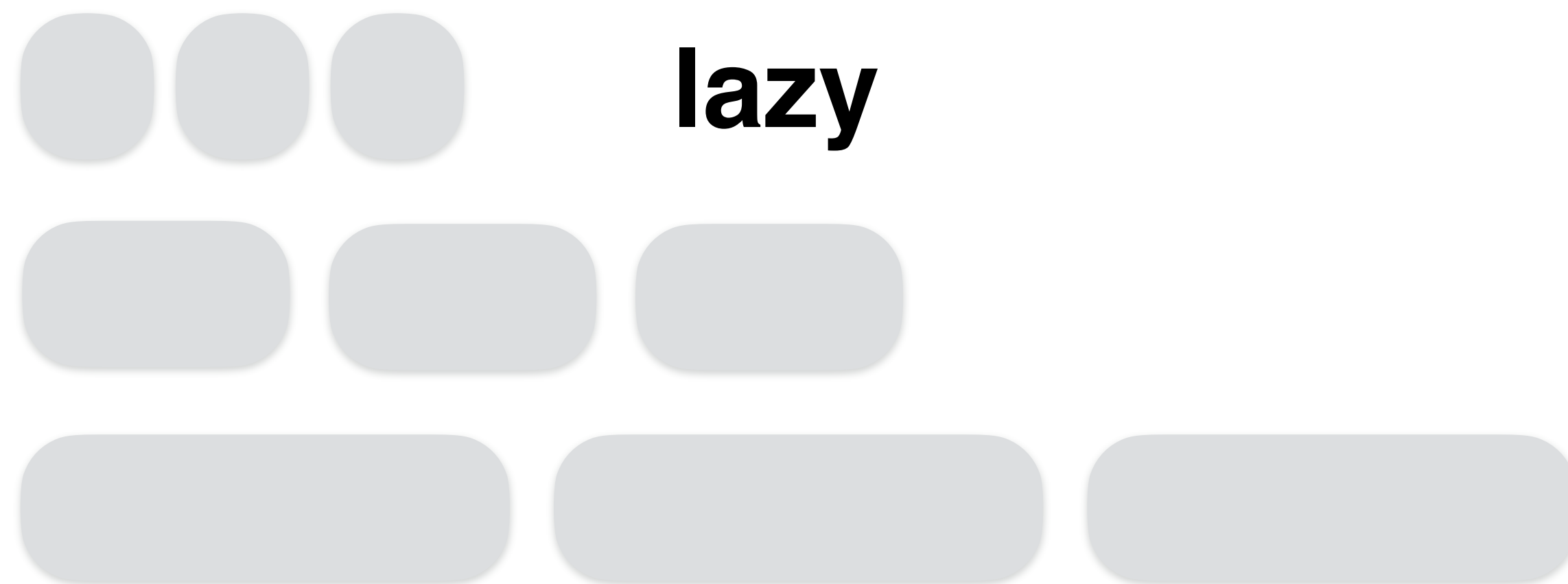


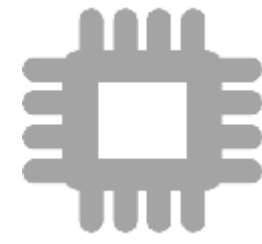
update



run

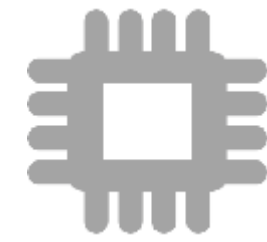
lazy





$O(1)$ reads 



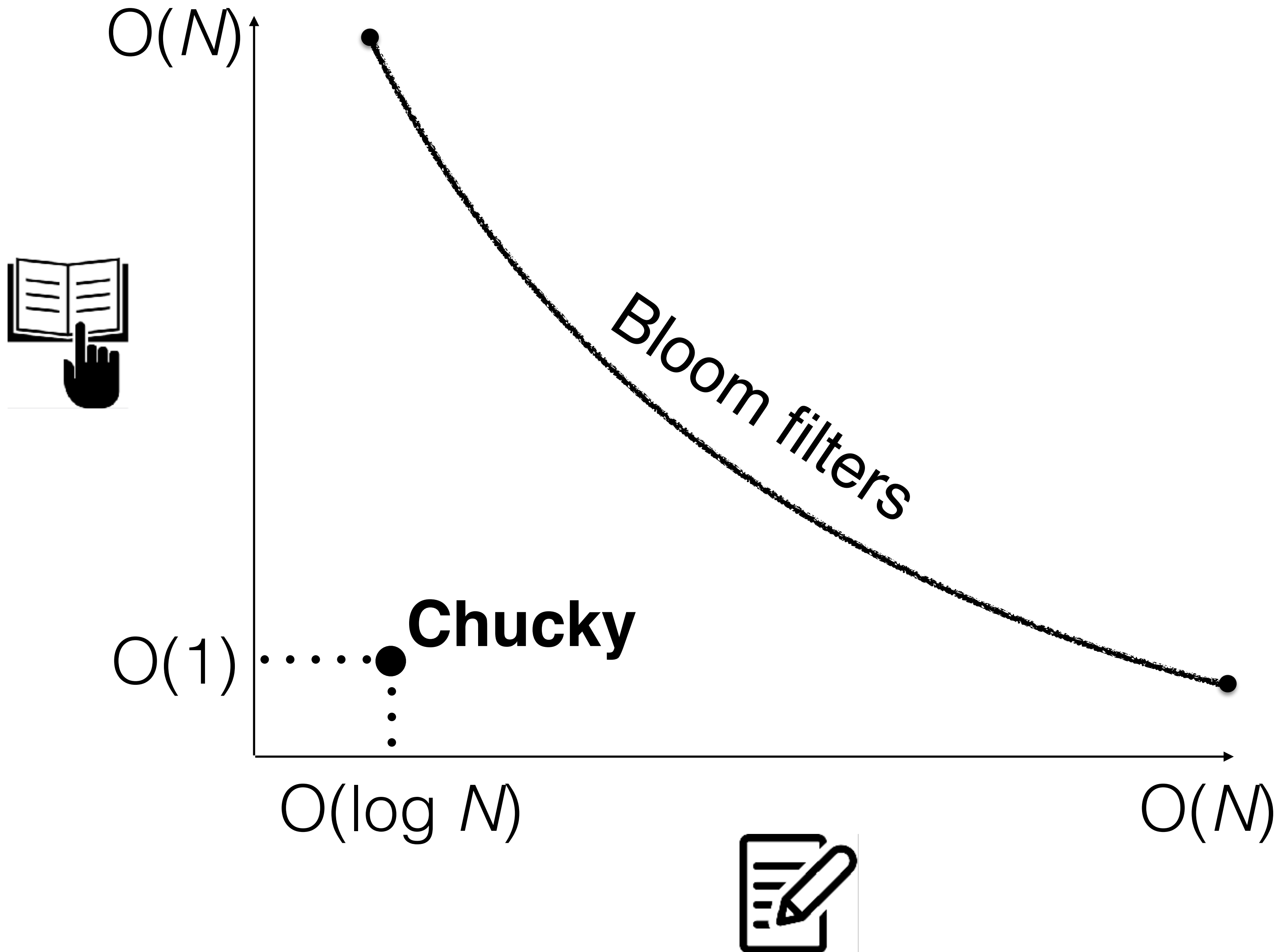


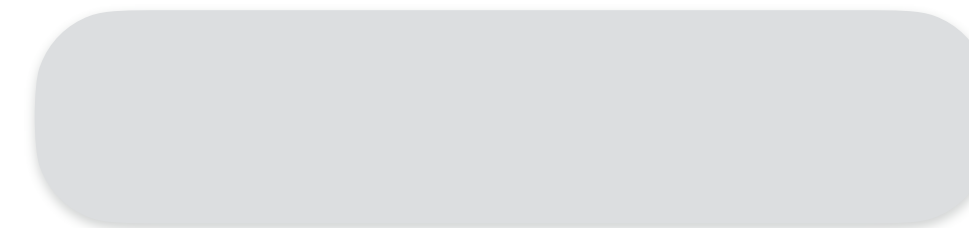
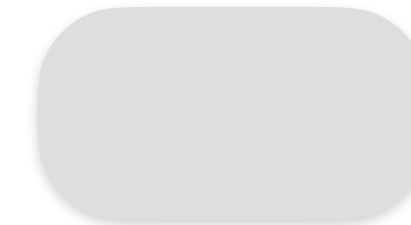
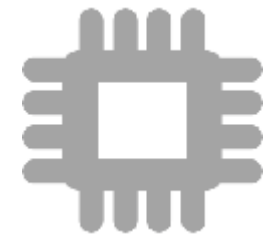
$O(1)$ reads



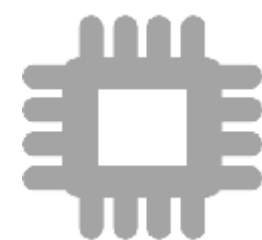
$O(\log N)$ updates



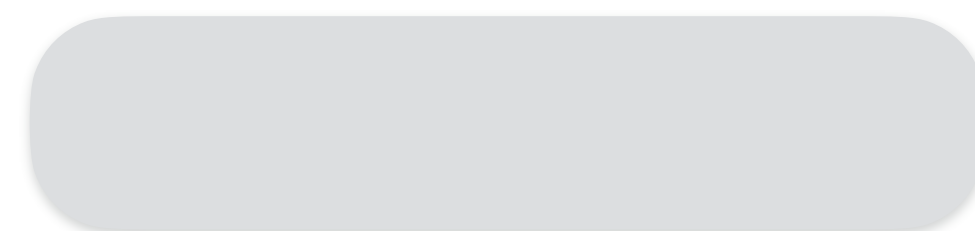
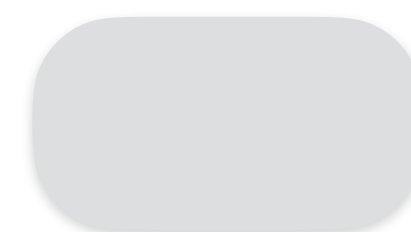


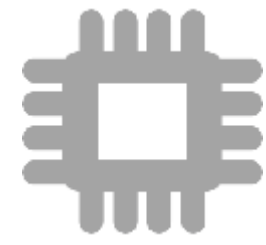


memory $\gg$ 10 bits / entry



hash(🔑) = 



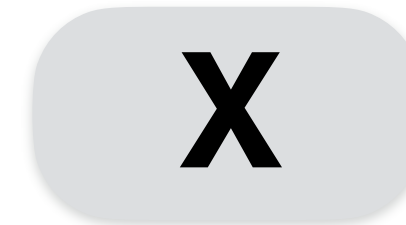


level ID

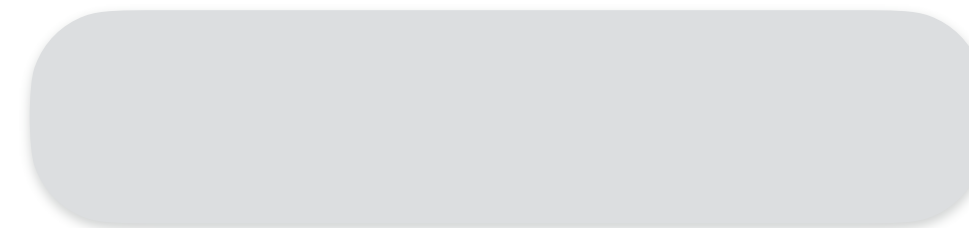
hash(**X**) = 01011 → **2**



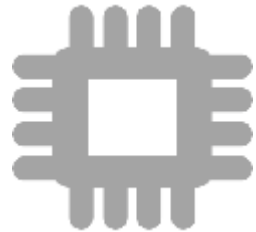
1



2



3

query **Y** 



hash(X) = 01011 $\rightarrow$ 2

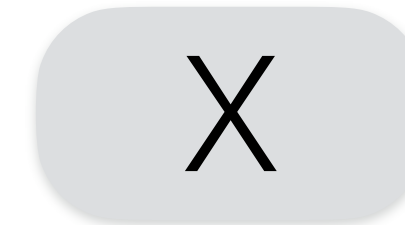
false
positive $\rightarrow$



level ID



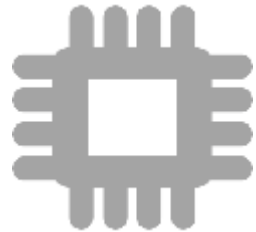
1



2



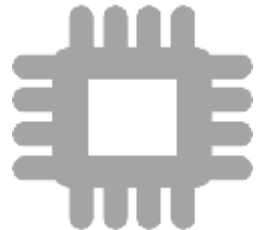
3

query **Y** 



hash(**X**) = 01011  **2**

false
positive rate?

query **Y** 



hash(**X**) = 01011  **2**

false
positive rate?

(Assume minimal perfect hashing)



F bits

false
positive rate?

2^{-F}

M bits

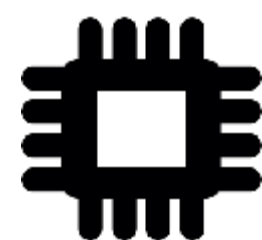


F bits

$\log_2 L$

false
positive rate?

2^{-F}



$$F = M - \log_2 L$$

false
positive rate?

$$2^{-F}$$

Bloom filters

$$\approx e^{-M \cdot \ln(2)}$$

<

Chucky (so far)

$$2^{-M} \cdot \log N$$

level IDs grow,
taking bits from fingerprints

$$\approx e^{-M} \cdot \ln(2)$$

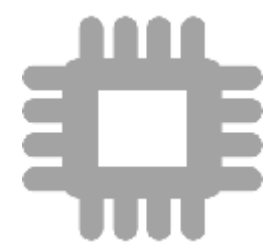
<

↓

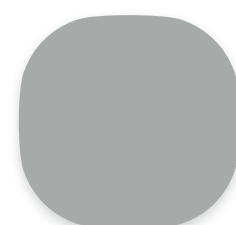
$$2^{-M} \cdot \log N$$



**encode larger
levels with
fewer bits**



1
2
2
3
3
3
3



Level IDs

1

2

3

unary encoding

level ID



00001

1

0001

2

001

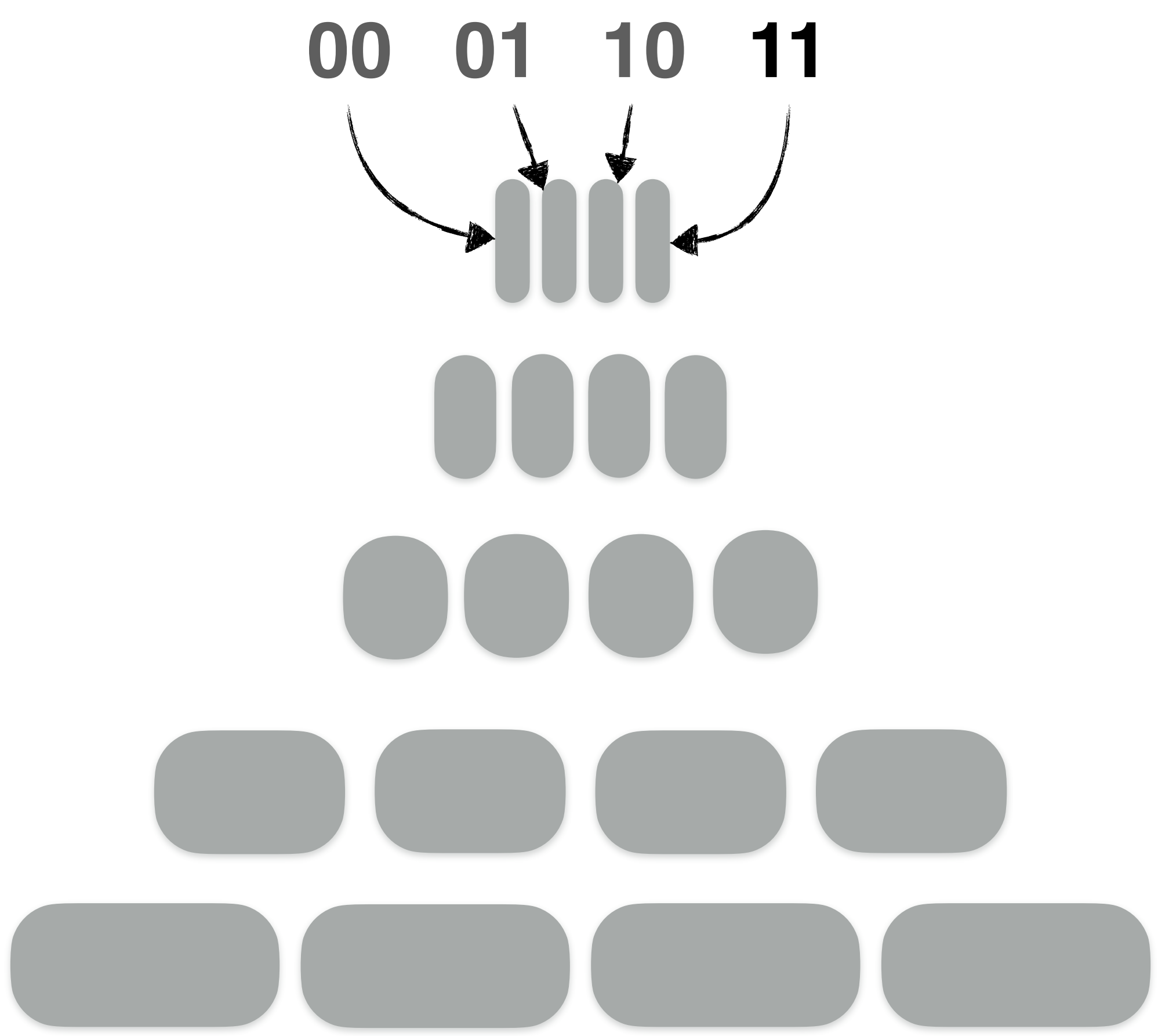
3

01

4

1

5



unary encoding

00001__

0001__

001__

01__

1__

level ID

1

2

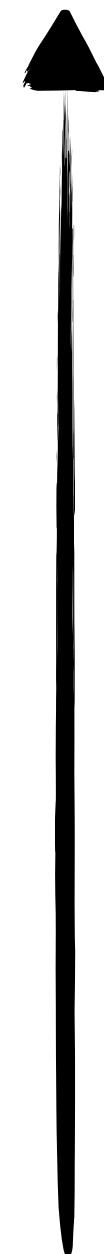
3

4

5



less common



unary encoding

00001

0001

001

01

1

level ID

1

2

3

4

5

average level ID length < 2 bits $< \log N$



unary encoding

00001

0001

001

01

1

level ID

1

2

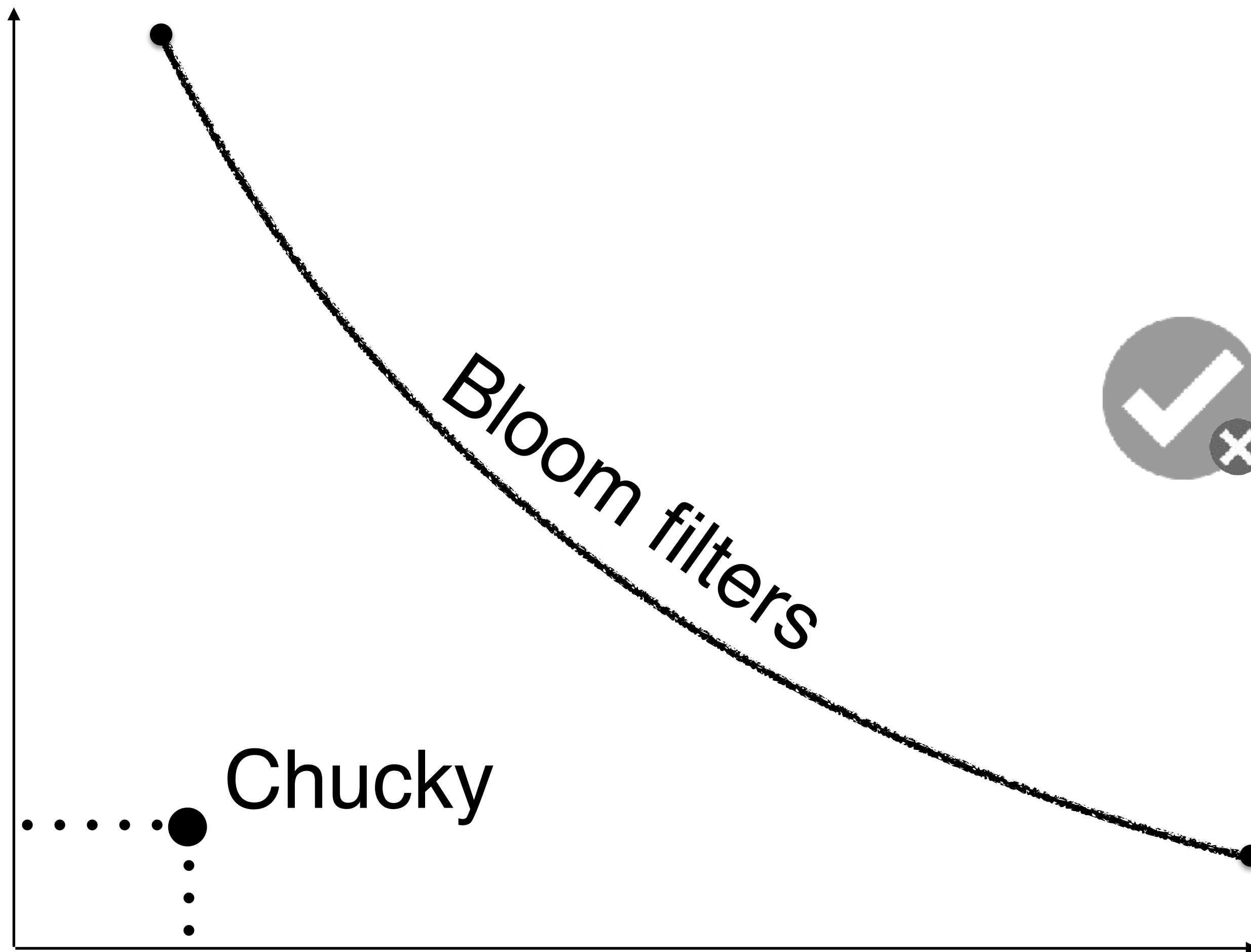
3

4

5



$$F = M - 2$$



Bloom filters

Chucky

$$O(e^{-M \cdot \ln(2)}) \approx O(2^{-M})$$

Level

code

some bucket

1

001

2

01

16 bit, 2 entries

3

1

1

2

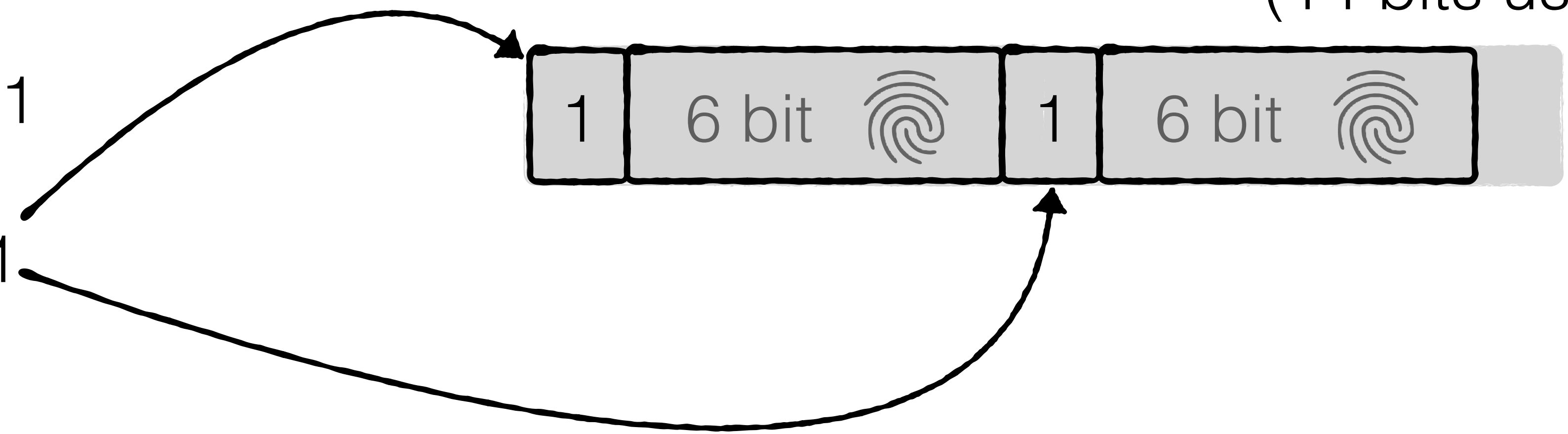
3

001

01

1

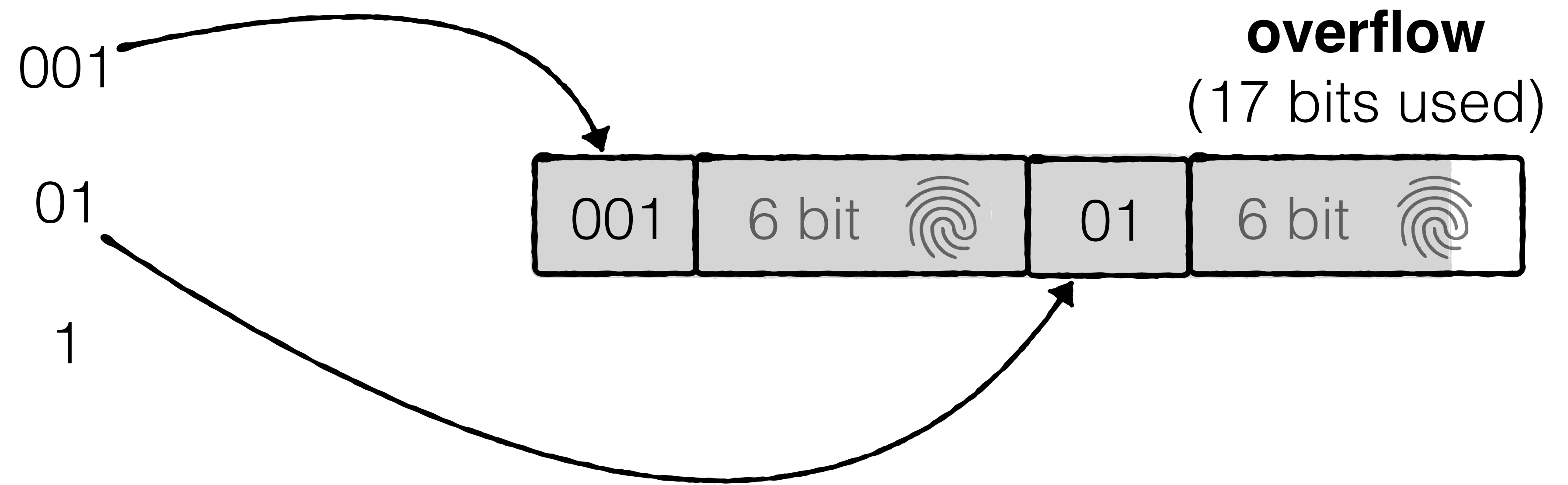
underflow
(14 bits used)



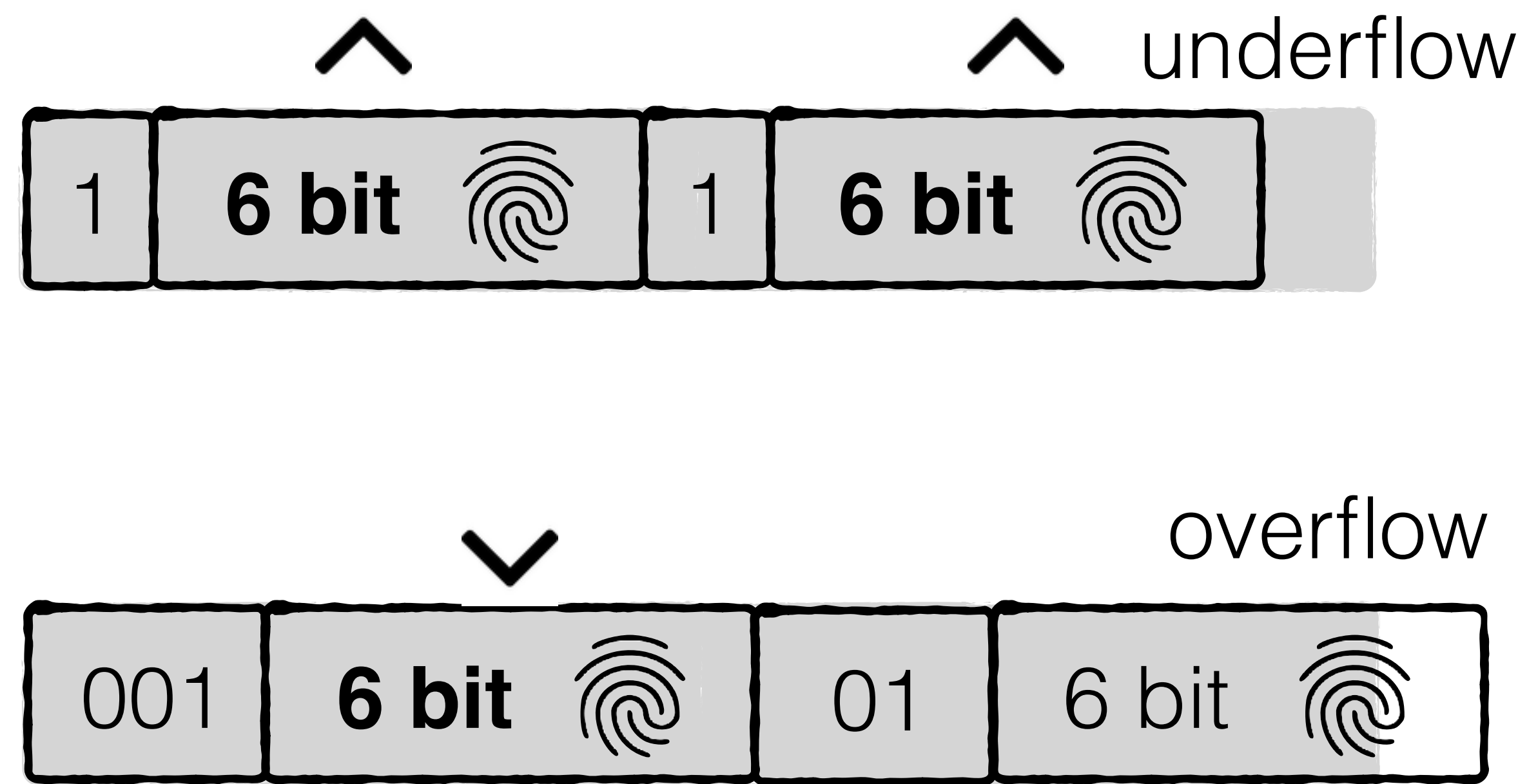
1

2

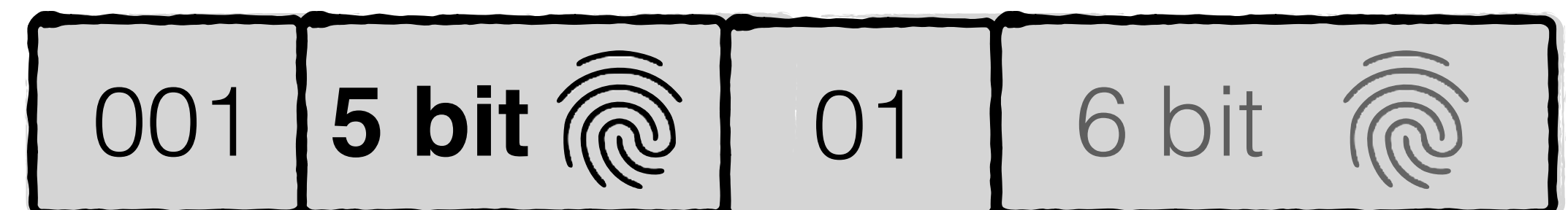
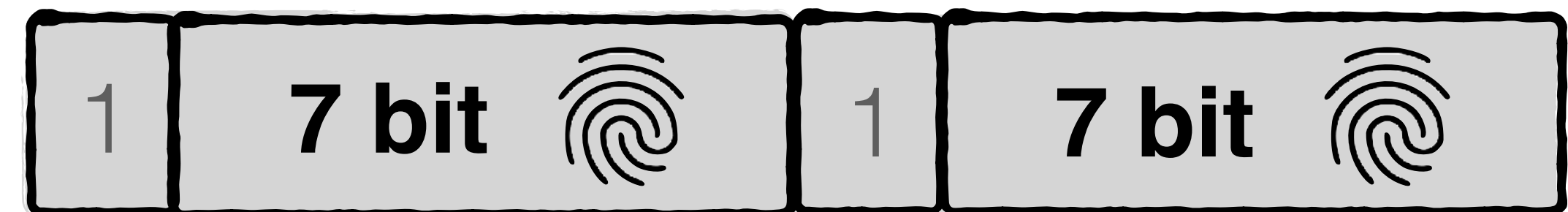
3



larger fingerprints
for larger levels

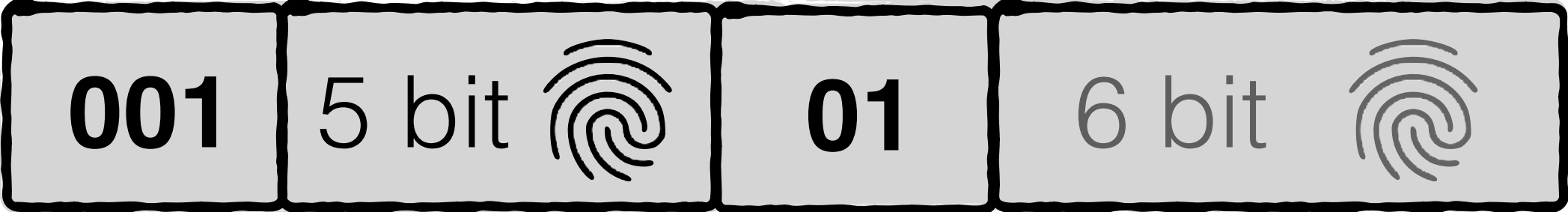


larger fingerprints
for larger levels



**co-encode
concisely**

**enlarge
fingerprints**





Encoding Level IDs as combinations

levels **3 & 3**



levels **2 & 2**



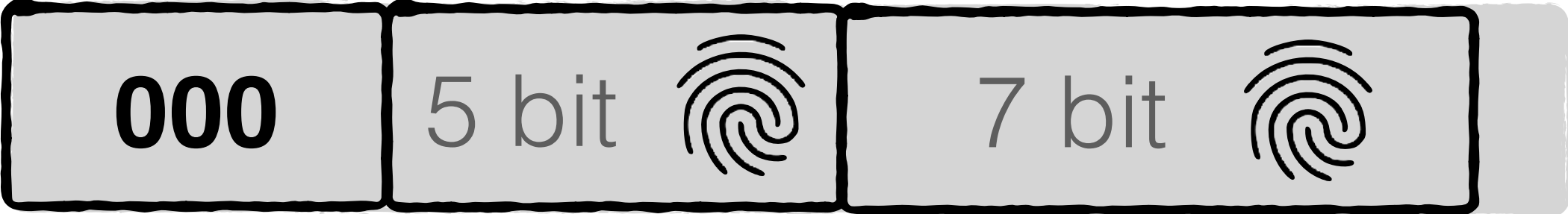
levels **3 & 2**



levels **2 & 1**



levels **3 & 1**



levels **1 & 1**



task

technique

Step 1

Step 2

task

technique

Step 1

max. avg.  size

unique decodability 

Step 2

task

technique

Step 1

max. avg.  size

unique decodability 

Step 2

generate codes



task

technique

Step 1

max. avg.  size

hill-climbing



unique decodability



Kraft–McMillan



Step 2

generate codes

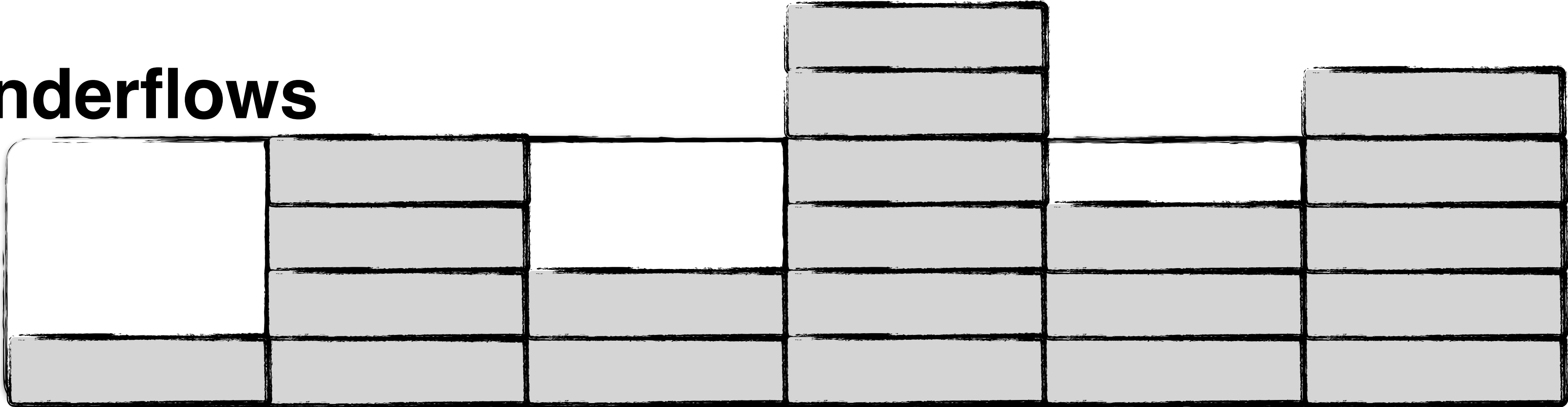


Huffman Tree



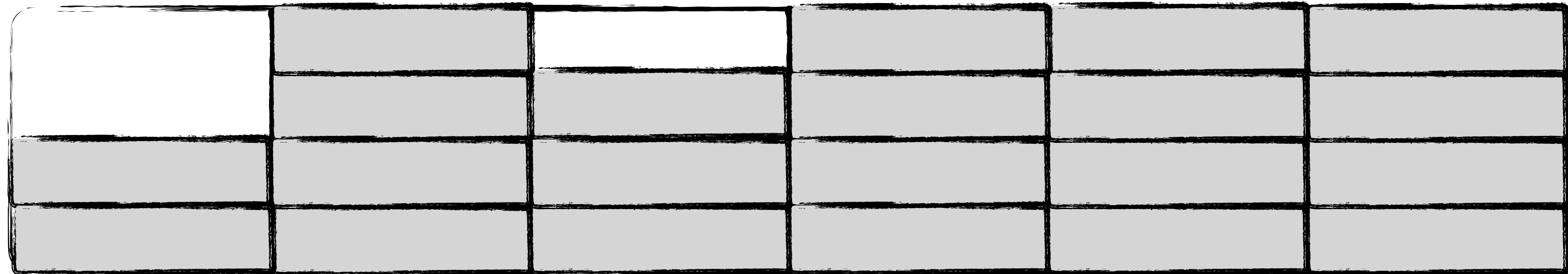
underflows

Overflows

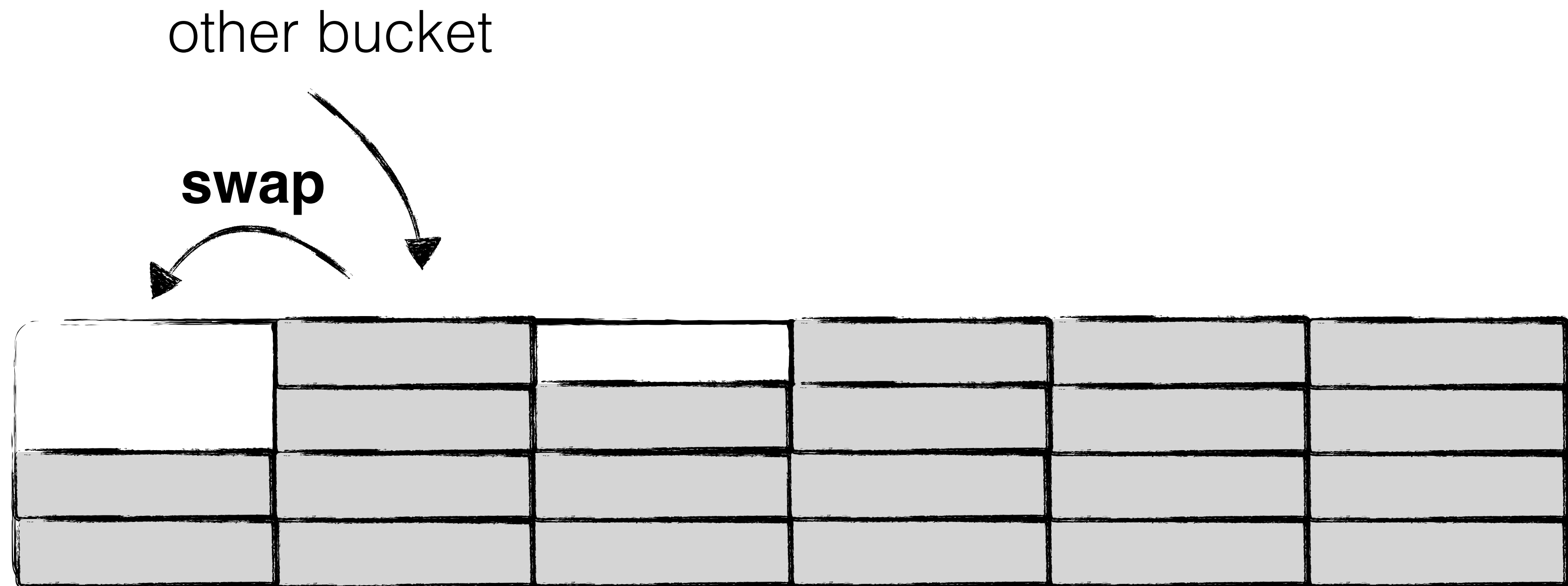


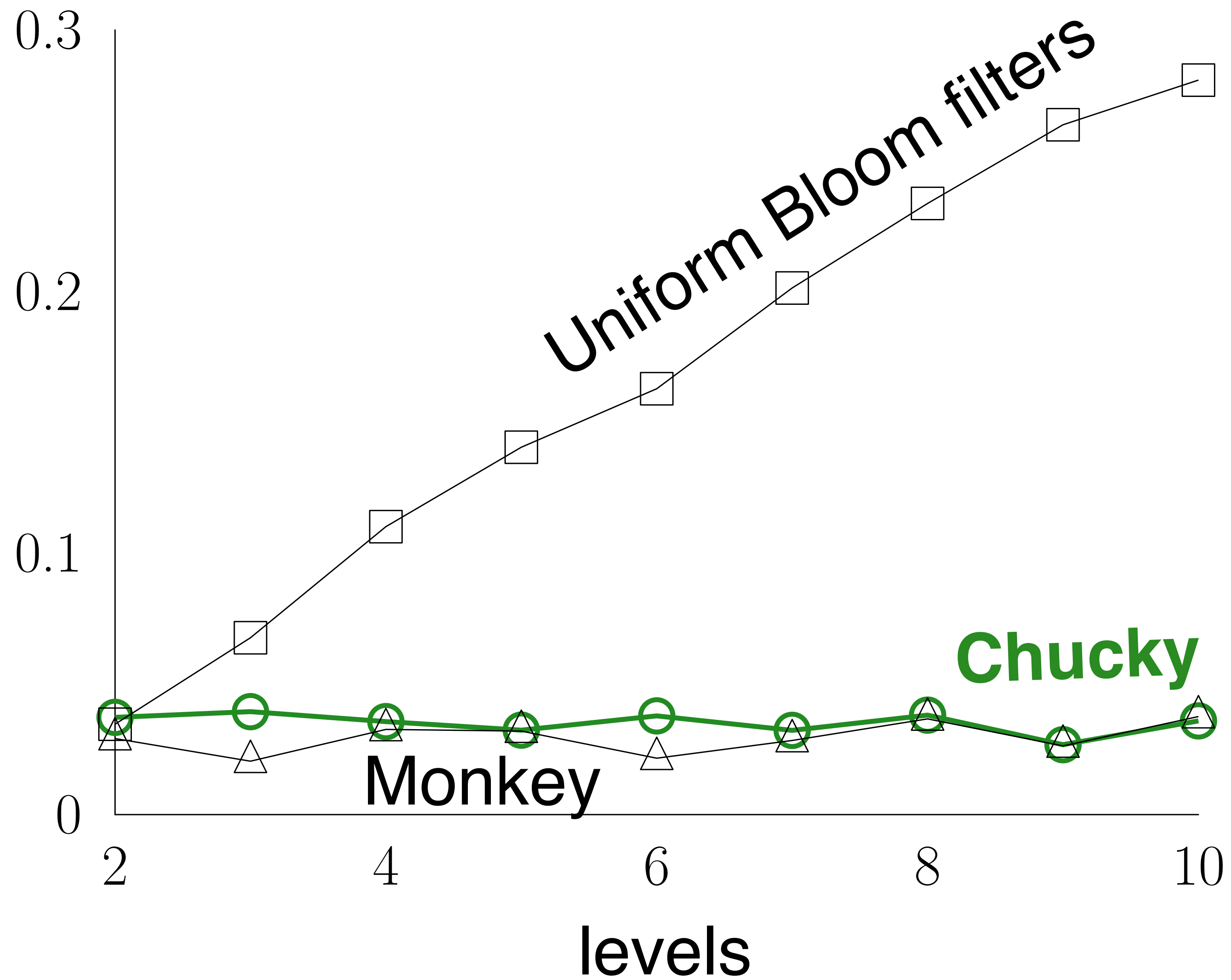
Cuckoo Filter

other bucket = hash() $\oplus$ current bucket



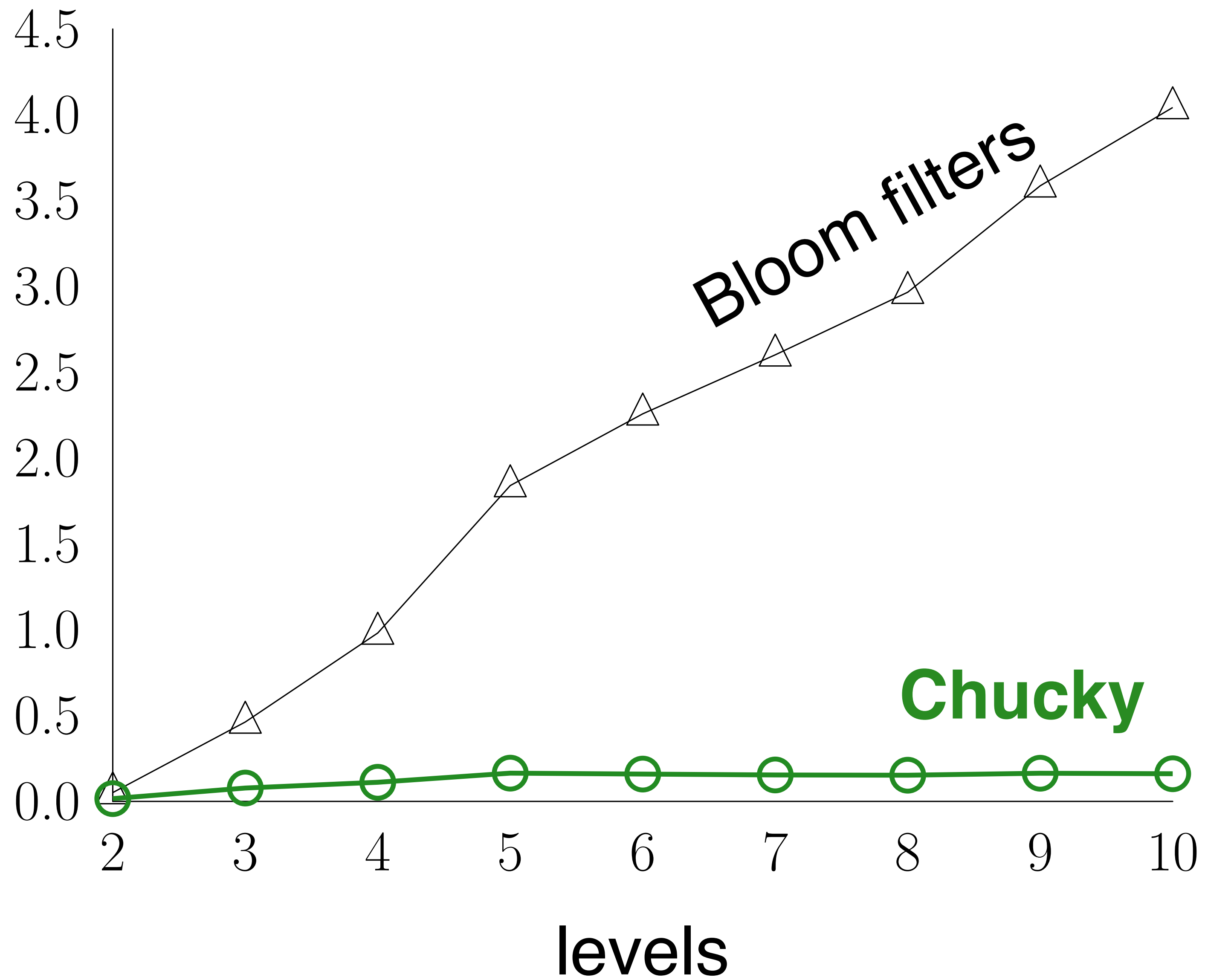
Cuckoo Filter





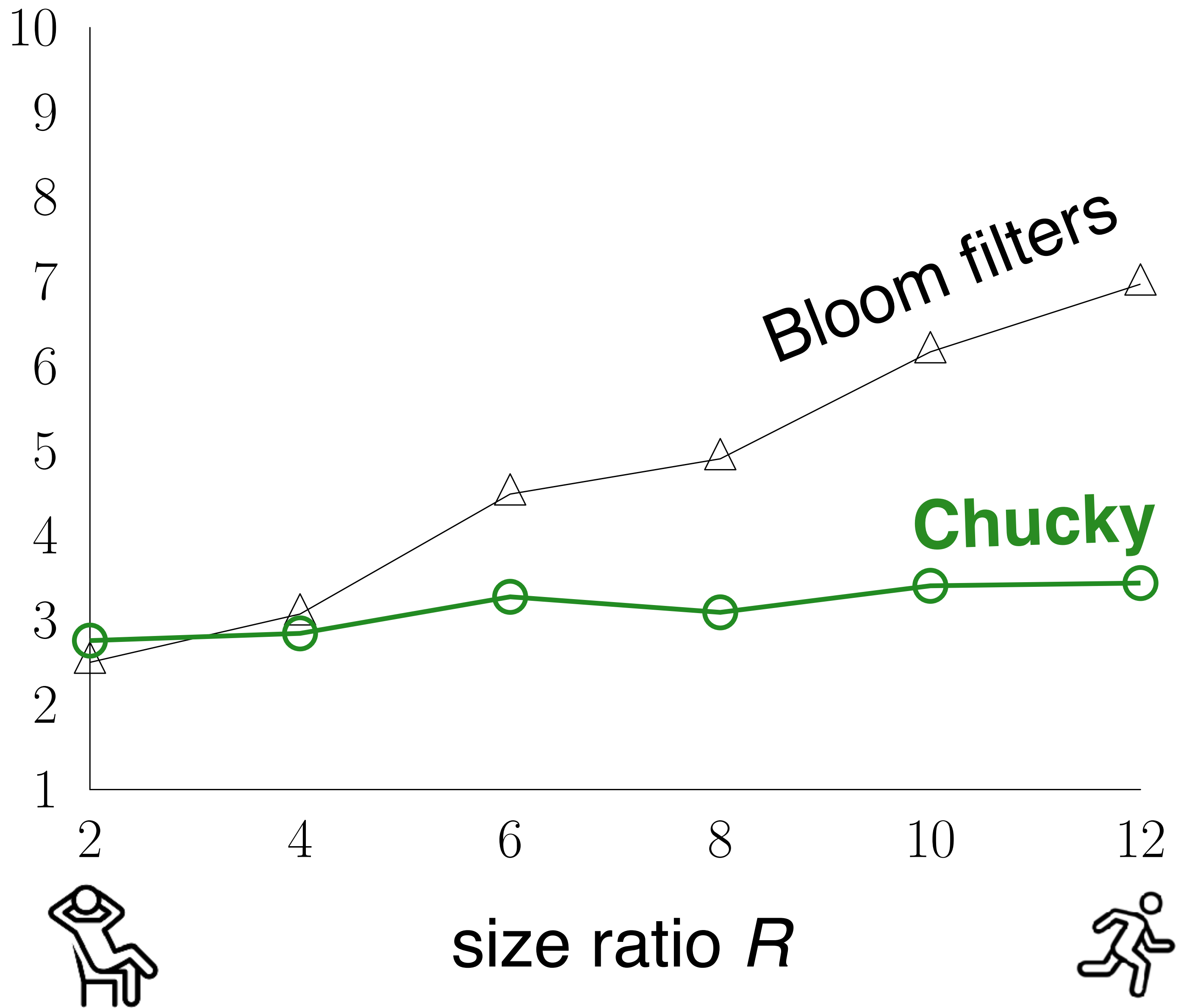


μs

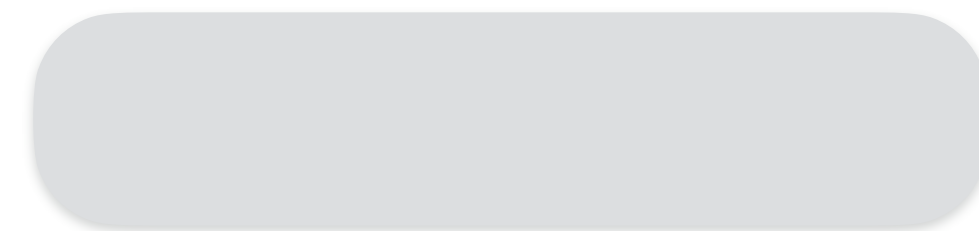
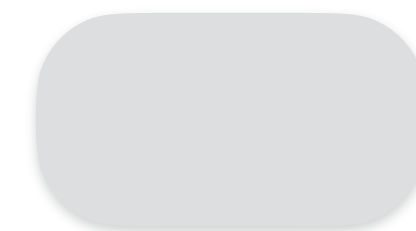
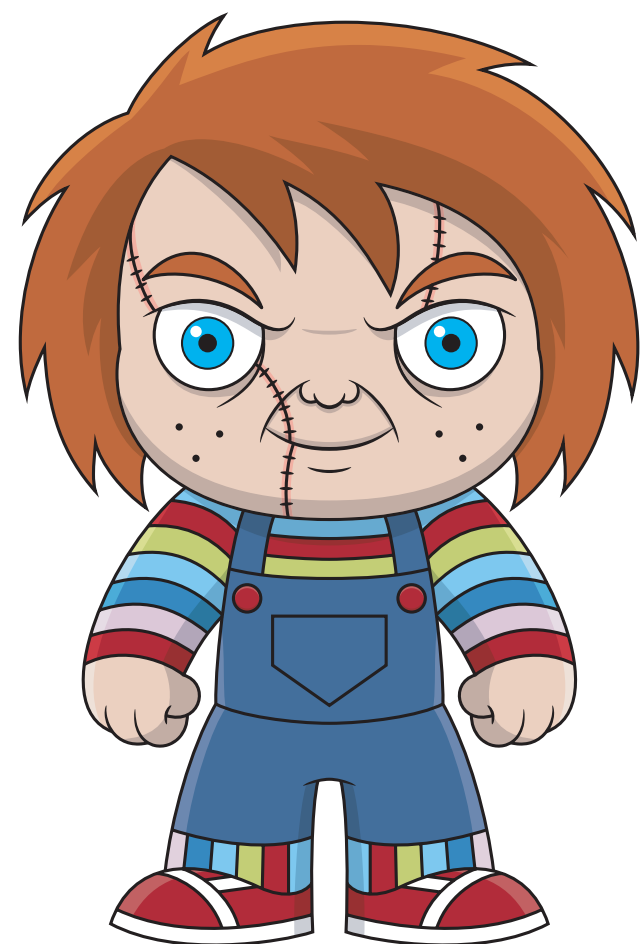




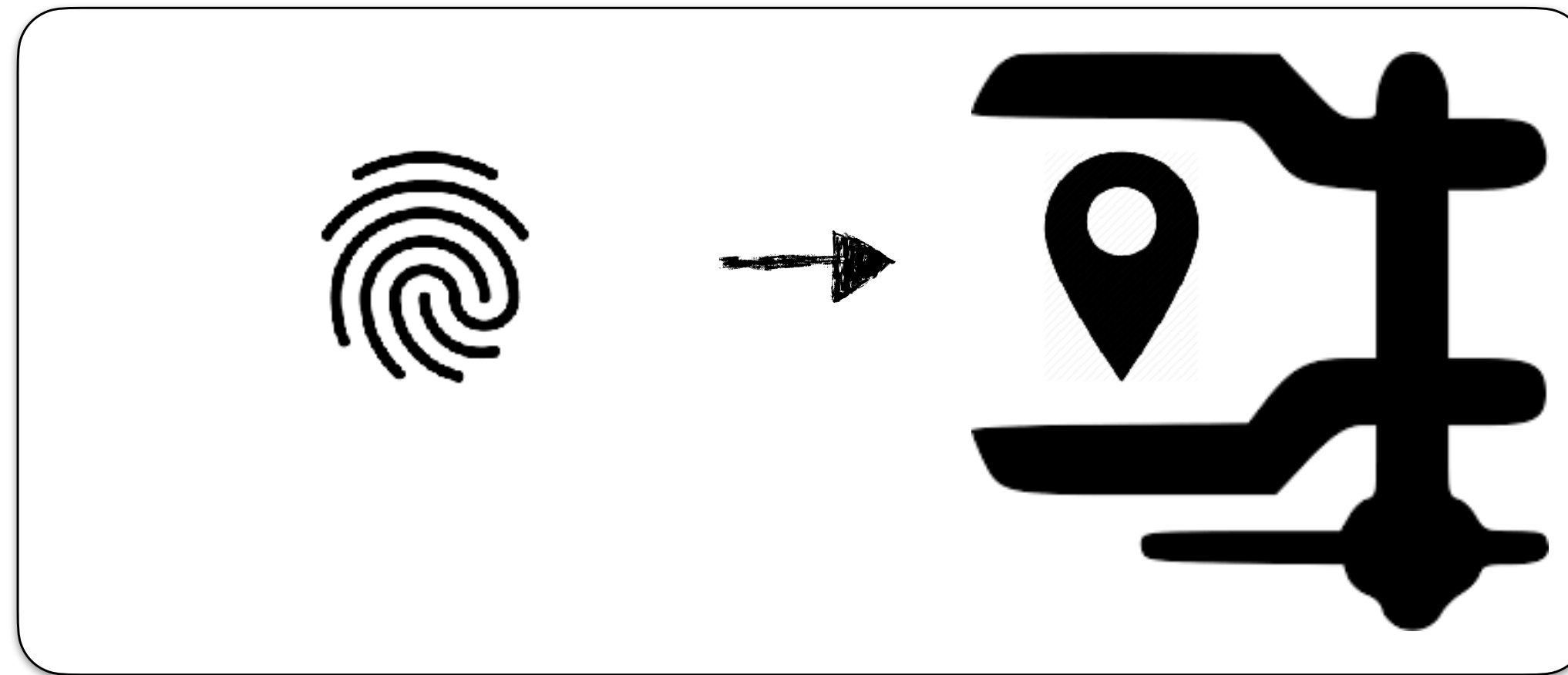
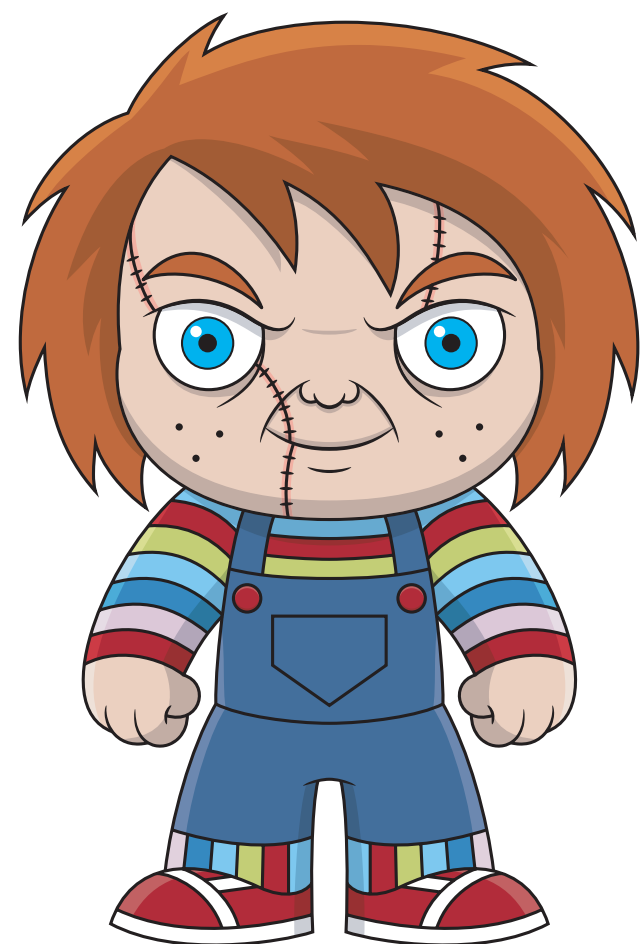
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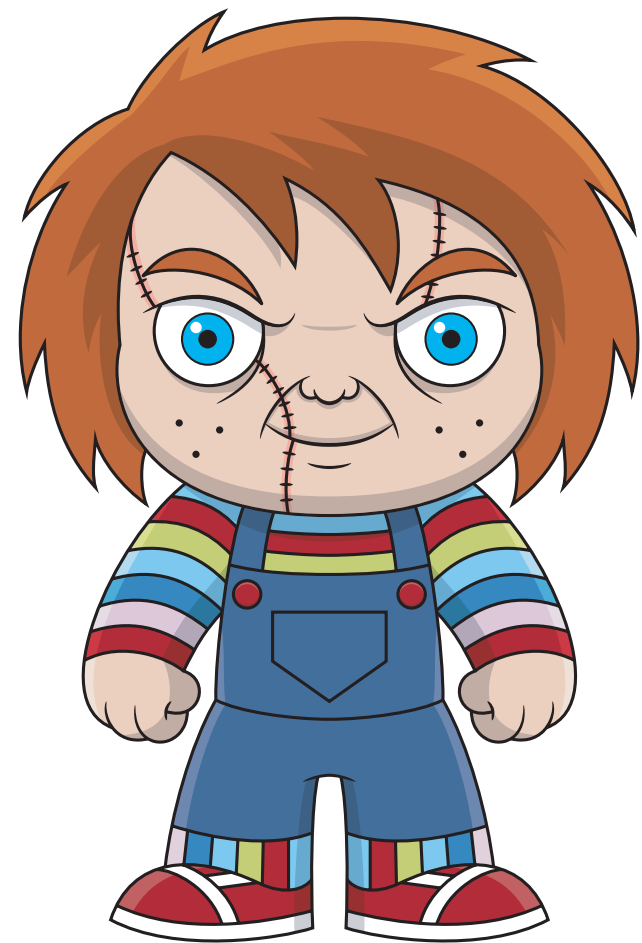
Chucky

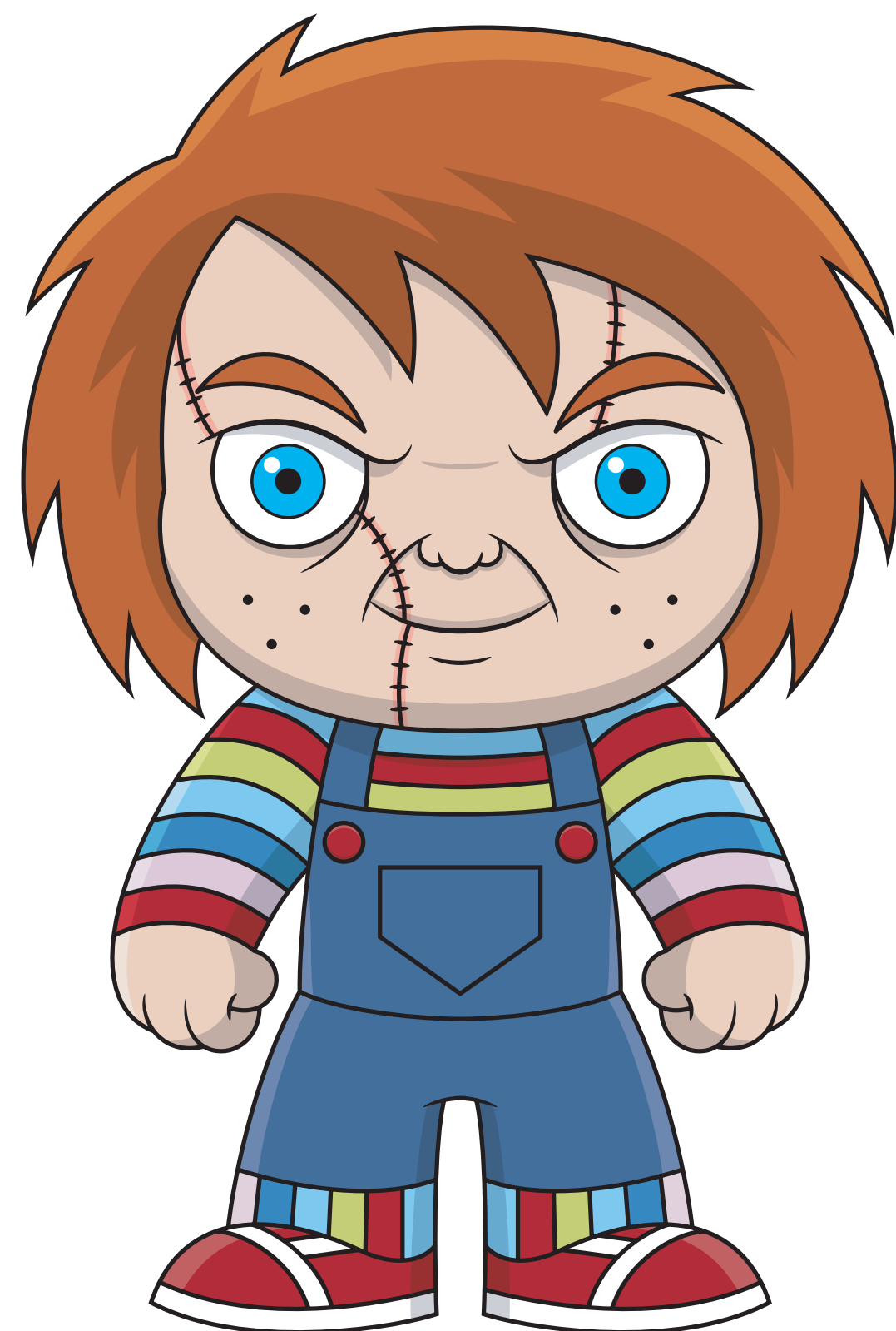


Chucky



Chucky





Thank you!